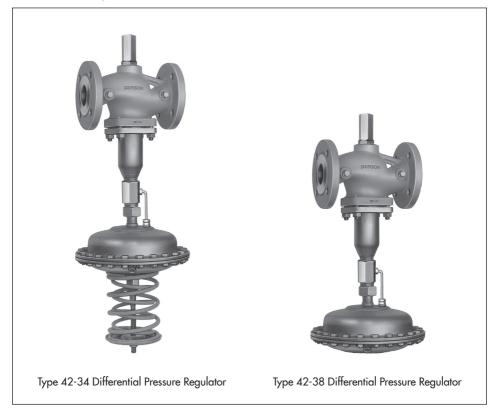
MOUNTING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



EB 3013 EN

Translation of original instructions



Differential Pressure Regulator with Flow Limitation Type 42-34 · Type 42-38

Self-operated Regulators · Closing Actuator

Edition June 2024



Note on these mounting and operating instructions

These mounting and operating instructions assist you in mounting and operating the device safely. The instructions are binding for handling SAMSON devices. The images shown in these instructions are for illustration purposes only. The actual product may vary.

- ➔ For the safe and proper use of these instructions, read them carefully and keep them for later reference.
- → If you have any questions about these instructions, contact SAMSON's After-sales Service (aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com).



The mounting and operating instructions for the devices are included in the scope of delivery. The latest documentation is available on our website at www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > Downloads > Documentation.

Definition of signal words

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury

Property damage message or malfunction

i Note

Additional information

-☆- Tip

Recommended action

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1 Safety instructions and measures

Intended use

The SAMSON Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Regulators are designed as differential pressure regulators with flow limitation. They consist of a Type 2423 Valve and a Type 2424 Actuator (Type 42-34) or a Type 2428 Actuator (Type 42-38). These regulator components are delivered separately.

The self-operated regulators are used to control the differential pressure and limit the flow rate. They are mainly used in district heating supply networks with indirect connection and in industrial plants to control liquids.

The regulators are designed to operate under exactly defined conditions (e.g. operating pressure, process medium, temperature). Therefore, operators must ensure that the regulators are only used in operating conditions that meet the specifications used for sizing the devices at the ordering stage. In case operators intend to use the regulators in applications or conditions other than those specified, contact SAMSON.

SAMSON does not assume any liability for damage resulting from the failure to use the device for its intended purpose or for damage caused by external forces or any other external factors.

→ Refer to the technical data and nameplate for limits and fields of application as well as possible uses.

Reasonably foreseeable misuse

The regulators are not suitable for the following applications:

- Use outside the limits defined during sizing and by the technical data
- Use outside the limits defined by the additional fittings mounted on the regulator

Furthermore, the following activities do not comply with the intended use:

- Use of non-original spare parts
- Performing service and repair work not described

Qualifications of operating personnel

The regulator must be mounted, started up, serviced and repaired by fully trained and qualified personnel only; the accepted industry codes and practices must be observed. According to these mounting and operating instructions, trained personnel refers to individuals who are able to judge the work they are assigned to and recognize possible hazards due to their specialized training, their knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of the applicable standards.

Personal protective equipment

We recommend checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g.

▶ GESTIS (CLP) hazardous substances database). Depending on the process medium and/

or the activity, the protective equipment required includes:

- Protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection in applications with hot, cold and/or corrosive media
- Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.
- Hard hat
- Safety harness, e.g. when working at height
- Safety footwear, if applicable ESD (electrostatic discharge) footwear
- → Check with the plant operator for details on further protective equipment.

Revisions and other modifications

Revisions, conversions or other modifications of the product are not authorized by SAMSON. They are performed at the user's own risk and may lead to safety hazards, for example. Furthermore, the product may no longer meet the requirements for its intended use.

Warning against residual hazards

To avoid personal injury or property damage, plant operators and operating personnel must prevent hazards that could be caused in the regulator by the process medium, the operating pressure or by moving parts by taking appropriate precautions. Plant operators and operating personnel must observe all hazard statements, warnings and caution notes in these mounting and operating instructions.

Hazards resulting from the special working conditions at the installation site of the regulator must be identified in a risk assessment and prevented through the corresponding safety instructions drawn up by the operator.

We also recommend checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g.

- GESTIS (CLP) hazardous substances database).
- → Observe safety measures for handling the device as well as fire prevention and explosion protection measures.

These mounting and operating instructions deals with the standard version of the device. Components of the device that differ to those used for the standard version described in this document can be exchanged with other certain SAMSON components. The residual hazards of these components are described in the associated mounting and operating instructions (see documents listed under 'Referenced documentation').

Safety features

The Types 42-34 and 42-38 Regulators do not have any special safety features. When relieved of pressure, the regulators are opened by the force of the set point springs.

Responsibilities of the operator

Operators are responsible for proper use and compliance with the safety regulations. Operators are obliged to provide these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents to the operating personnel and to instruct them in proper operation. Furthermore, operators must ensure that operating personnel or third parties are not exposed to any danger.

Operators are additionally responsible for ensuring that the limits for the product defined in the technical data are observed. This also applies to the start-up and shutdown procedures. Start-up and shutdown procedures fall within the scope of the operator's duties and, as such, are not part of these mounting and operating instructions. SAMSON is unable to make any statements about these procedures since the operative details (e.g. differential pressures and temperatures) vary in each individual case and are only known to the operator.

Responsibilities of operating personnel

Operating personnel must read and understand these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents and observe the specified hazard statements, warnings and caution notes. Furthermore, operating personnel must be familiar with the applicable health, safety and accident prevention regulations and comply with them.

Referenced standards, directives and regulations

The regulators comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU, Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Directive 2016 No. 1105 Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 and Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008. Regulators with a CE marking and/or UKCA marking have a declaration of conformity, which includes information about the applied conformity assessment procedure. The declaration of conformity is included in the 'Certificates' section.

According to the ignition hazard assessment performed in accordance with Clause 5.2 of ISO 80079-36, the non-electrical regulators do not have their own potential ignition source even in the rare incident of an operating fault. As a result, they do not fall within the scope of Directive 2014/34/EU.

➔ For connection to the equipotential bonding system, observe the requirements specified in Clause 6.4 of EN 60079-14 (VDE 0165-1).

Referenced documentation

The following documents apply in addition to these mounting and operating instructions:

_	Mounti	ng and operating instructions for	
	e.g.	Type 2 N or 2 NI Strainer	► EB 1015
_	Data sl	neets for	
	e.g.	Accessories · Differential pressure and flow regulators	► T 3095
	e.g.	Type 2 N or 2 NI Strainer	► T 1015

Mounting and operating instructions as well as data sheets for additional fittings (e.g. shut-off valves, pressure gauges etc.).

Notes on possible severe personal injury 1.1

Risk of bursting in pressure equipment.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment. Impermissible pressure or improper opening can lead to regulator components bursting.

- → Observe the maximum permissible pressure for regulator and plant.
- → If necessary, a suitable overpressure protection must be installed on site in the plant section
- → Before starting any work on the regulator, depressurize all plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- → Drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- → Wear personal protective equipment.

1.2 Notes on possible personal injury

Risk of personal injury through incorrect operation, use or installation as a result of information on the regulator being illegible.

Over time, markings, labels and nameplates on the regulator may become covered with dirt or become illegible in some other way. As a result, hazards may go unnoticed and the necessary instructions not followed. There is a risk of personal injury.

- → Keep all relevant markings and inscriptions on the device in a constantly legible state.
- → Immediately renew damaged, missing or incorrect nameplates or labels.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

The noise emissions depend on the valve version, plant facilities and process medium.

→ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The regulator contains moving parts (set point springs), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the regulator.

- ➔ Do not insert hands or fingers between the set point springs while the regulator is in operation.
- → Before performing any work on the regulator, depressurize the plant. Disconnect or shut off the control line.

Risk of personal injury due to loaded springs.

The set point springs of regulators with adjusted set point are preloaded and are under tension.

→ Before starting any work on the springs, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- → Do not loosen the control line while the valve is pressurized.
- → Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, regulator components and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Damage to health relating to the REACH regulation.

If a SAMSON device contains a substance listed as a substance of very high concern on the candidate list of the REACH regulation, this is indicated on the SAMSON delivery note.

→ Information on safe use of the part affected > www.samsongroup.com/en/ about-samson/material-compliance/reach-regulation/.

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

- ➔ If possible, drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected and the regulator.
- → Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

1.3 Notes on possible property damage

Risk of regulator damage due to incorrectly attached slings.

➔ Do not attach load-bearing slings to the actuator housing (see information under 'Lifting the regulator' in the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).

Risk of regulator damage due to unsuitable medium properties.

The regulator is designed for a process medium with defined properties.

→ Only use the process medium specified for sizing the equipment.

Risk of regulator damage due to contamination (e.g. solid particles) in the pipeline.

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

→ Flush the pipelines before start-up.

Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

The lubricants to be used depend on the regulator material. Unsuitable lubricants may corrode and damage surfaces.

→ Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON. When in doubt, consult SAMSON.

Risk of leakage and regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

→ Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

Certain tools are required to work on the regulator.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON. When in doubt, consult SAMSON.

Risk of the process medium being contaminated through the use of unsuitable lubricants and/or contaminated tools and components.

- → Keep the regulator and the tools used free from solvents and grease.
- → Make sure that only suitable lubricants are used.

Risk of excess pressure damaging plant sections due to construction-related seat leakage through the regulator.

→ Always install a safety device (e.g. safety excess pressure valve or safety relief valve) in the plant.

Incorrect control due to the formation of ice on the regulator.

Medium temperatures below 0 °C may cause ice to form on the regulator, depending on the air humidity. This may affect, in particular, the functioning of the plug or diaphragm stem guide.

➔ Prevent the formation of ice by taking appropriate precautions (e.g. enclosure, trace heater etc.). The plant operator is responsible for selecting and implementing appropriate precautions. See the 'Installation' section.

i Note

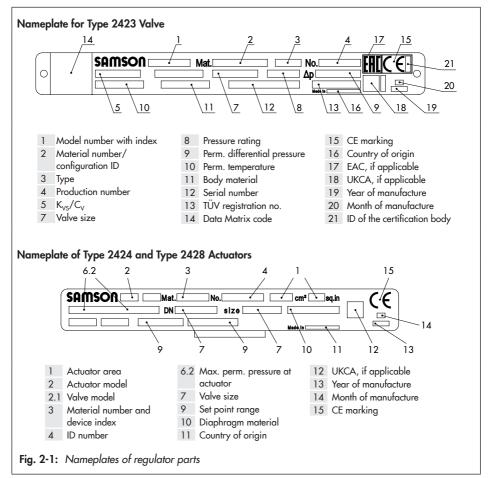
SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you concerning lubricant, tightening torques and tools approved by SAMSON.

2 Markings on the device

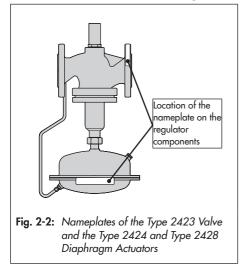
Several nameplates are affixed to the device. The nameplates shown were up to date at the time of publication of this document. The nameplates on the device may differ from

the ones shown. The nameplates are used to identify the separate regulator components (see section 2.1).

2.1 Nameplates



2.2 Location of the nameplates



2.3 Material identification number

2.3.1 Type 2423 Valve

See the nameplate (11 for DIN/ANSI version, body material) for the material used. For more details on the nameplate, see section 2.1.

2.3.2 Type 2424 and Type 2428 Actuators

Specifying the material number, you can contact us to find out which material is used. It is specified on the nameplate in the 'MNo.' field (3 for DIN/ANSI). For more details on the nameplate, see section 2.1.

3 Design and principle of operation

→ See Fig. 3-1 and Fig. 3-2

The differential pressure regulators with flow limitation are designed to maintain the differential pressure between the high-pressure and low-pressure lines to a defined set point. The flow rate can be limited by the restriction integrated in the valve body.

Type 42-34 · The set point can be adjusted as required within the set point range.

Type 42-38 · The set point is fixed.

The regulators basically consist of the Type 2423 Valve with seat (2), plug (3) and restriction (1.4) as well as a closing actuator (Type 2424 or Type 2428) with an operating diaphragm (13).

Valve and actuator are delivered separately and must be assembled on site using a coupling nut (11).

The medium flows through the valve in the direction indicated by the arrow. The areas released by the restriction (1.4) and the valve plug (3) determine the flow rate and the differential pressure Δp_{plant} across the plant. See 'Pressure conditions in the plant and at the regulator' in the 'Operation' section.

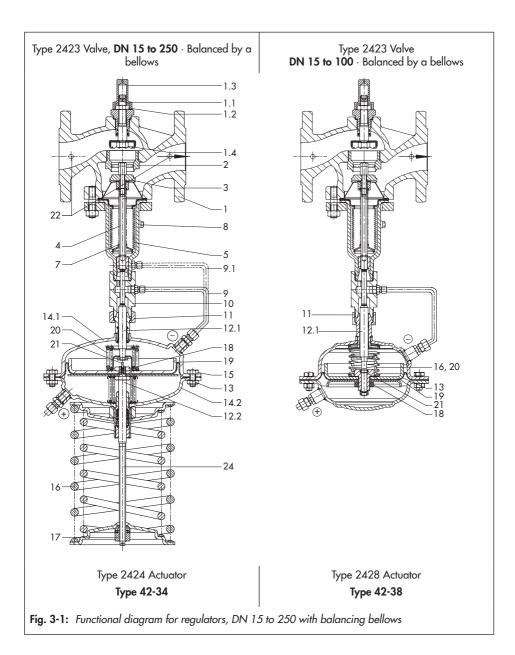
In fully balanced valves, the forces acting on the valve plug created by the upstream and downstream pressures are balanced by a balancing bellows (5) or balancing diaphragm (5.1). Regulators balanced by a bellows or a diaphragm only differ in the pressure balancing principle applied. Valves balanced by a diaphragm (DN 65 to 250 only) have a balancing diaphragm (5.1) instead of the balancing bellows (5). The downstream pressure p_2 acts on the bottom of the diaphragm and the upstream pressure p_1 on the top of the diaphragm. As a result, the forces created by the upstream and downstream pressures acting on the plug are balanced out.

The regulators in DN 15 to 100 are fitted with a connecting piece (10) for the low-pressure control line between the valve and actuator.

To control the differential pressure, the high pressure (flow) of the plant is transmitted over the high-pressure control line to the bottom diaphragm chamber of the actuator. The pressure downstream of the restriction (1.4) is transmitted through the hollow plug stem and the attached low-pressure control line to the top diaphragm chamber of the actuator. The differential pressure is converted into a set point force at the operating diaphragm (13) and used to move the plug according to the force of the set point springs (16). Depending on the actuator version, the set point springs installed in the actuator (Type 42-38) define the set point or the springs are mounted externally to allow the set point to be adjusted (Type 42-34).

The flow set point screw (1.1) with the adjusted restriction (1.4) is used to change the cross-sectional area of flow to adjust the maximum flow rate.

The force limiter (20) and internal excess pressure limiter (21) protect the seat and plug from overload during exceptional operating conditions.



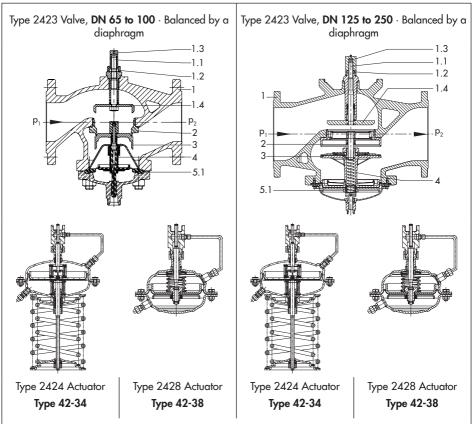


Fig. 3-2: Functional diagram for regulators, DN 65 to 250 with balancing diaphragm

Lege	nd for Fig. 3-1 and Fig. 3	3-2				
1	Valve body		Balancing diaphragm	11 Coupling nut		Set point adjustment for differential
1.1	Flow set point adjustment (set point screw)		Spring Screw plug (balanced by a bellows, DN 125	12.1 Diaphragm stem12.2 Diaphragm stem13 Operating diaphragm	17	pressure (set point adjuster)
1.2	Lock nut		and larger)		18	Nut
1.3	Сар	0	Low-pressure control	14.1 Top diaphragm case (valve on top)	19	Diaphragm plate
1.4	Restriction	'	line (up to DN 100)	Bottom diaphragm	20	Force limiter
2	Seat		Low-pressure	14.2 Bottom diaphragm case (valve on top)	21	Internal excess pres-
3	Plug	9.1	connection (DN 125	15 Nuts and bolts	21	sure valve
4	Plug stem		and larger)	16 Set point springs		Blanking plug at side
5	5 Balancing bellows		Connecting piece (up to DN 100)		24	Diaphragm stem

3.1 Additional fittings

→ See Fig. 3-3

Pressure gauges

Install a pressure gauge (3 and 5) at suitable points to monitor the pressures prevailing in the plant.

Bypass and shut-off valves

We recommend installing a shut-off valve (1, 6) both upstream of the strainer and downstream of the regulator and installing a bypass line (18). The bypass ensures that the plant does not need to be shut down for service and repair work on the regulator.

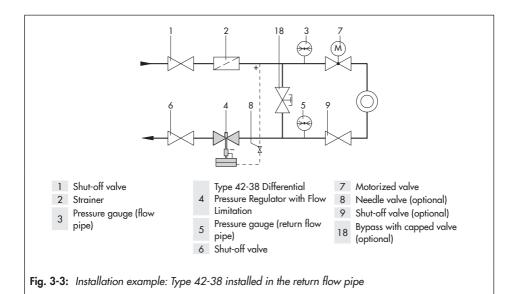
Strainers

We recommend installing a SAMSON strainer (2) upstream of the valve. It prevents solid particles in the process medium from damaging the regulator.

- ➔ Do not use the strainer to permanently filter the process medium.
- → Select a strainer (mesh size) suitable for the process medium.

i Note

Any impurities carried along by the process medium may impair the proper functioning of the regulator. We recommend installing a strainer (e.g. SAMSON Type 2 NI) upstream of the pressure reducing valve (> EB 1015).



Insulation

Regulators can be insulated to reduce heat energy transfer.

Refer to the instructions in the 'Installation' section.

i Note

The Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Regulators are not safety valves. If necessary, a suitable overpressure protection must be installed on site in the plant section.

3.1.1 Versions

Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Regulators with Flow Limitation are designed for installation in the return flow pipe, e.g. a district heating station with indirect connection.

- Type 42-34 · With adjustable differential pressure and flow limitation · With internal overload protection (excess pressure limiter) in the actuator
- Type 42-38 · With fixed differential pressure and adjustable flow limitation ·
 With internal overload protection (excess pressure limiter) in the actuator

Regulator configurations

The regulators consist of a valve and an actuator with adjustable restriction. They control the differential pressure to the set point adjusted at the actuator and limit the flow rate to the value adjusted at the restriction.

Type 42-34 with connecting piece (DN 15 to 100)											
Consisting of:											
Valve - Type 2423, balanced											
Actuator - Type 2424 adjustable set point											
Туре 42-38	vith connecting piece										
Consisting of											
Valve	- Type 2423, balanced										
Actuator	- Type 2428 fixed set point										

3.2 Technical data

The valve and actuator nameplates provide information on the valve and actuator versions (see the 'Markings on the device' section).

i Note

More information is available in Data Sheet T 3013.

Conformity

The Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Regulators bear the CE, UKCA and EAC marks of conformity.





Process medium and scope of application

The differential pressure regulators with flow limitation are designed to maintain the differential pressure between the high-pressure and low-pressure lines to a defined set point and to limit the flow rate.

- Suitable for liquids from 5 to 150 °C
- Max. temperature 150 °C
- Differential pressure set points from 0.1 to 2.5 bar
- Adjustable flow rate range from 0.05 to 520 m³/h
- Valve size DN 15 to 250
- Pressure ratings from PN 16 to 40

The regulator is open when relieved of pressure. The valve **closes** when the differential pressure or flow rate **rises**.

i Note

The materials used in the regulator are also resistant to high concentrations of glycol. Nevertheless, glycol reacts when it comes into contact with metals and causes acids to form. We cannot prevent this reaction. Therefore, prevent it through the use of suitable inhibitors.

Leakage class

The metal-seated regulator has the leakage class I according to IEC 60534-4. The soft-seated regulator has the leakage class IV according to IEC 60534-4.

Temperature range

Depending on how the regulator is configured, it can be used up to temperatures of 150 °C/300 °F (see Table 3-1). The minimum temperature is limited by the accessories used and the actuator's diaphragm material (**>** T 3013).

Noise emissions

SAMSON is unable to make general statements about noise emissions. The noise emissions depend on the regulator version, plant facilities, process medium and operating conditions.

Dimensions and weights

Table 3-6 to Table 3-7 provide an overview of the dimensions and weights. The lengths and heights in the dimensional drawings are shown on pages 3-10 and 3-11.

Туре		42	-34	42-38				
Balancing		Balanced by a diaphragm	' Balanced by a bellows					
Valve size		DN 65 to 250 DN 15 to 250 DN 15 to 100						
Pressure rating			PN 16, 25, 40					
Pressure at which	$A = 160 \text{ cm}^2$	1.2	1.2 bar					
internal excess pressure	$A = 320 \text{ cm}^2$	0.6	0.3 bar					
limiter responds	$A = 640 \text{ cm}^2$	0.3	-					
Max. permissible	Valve	150 °C See pressure-temperature diagram in ► T 30						
temperature	Actuator 1)							
Set point ranges		0.1 to 0.6 bar · 0.2 to 1 bar 0.2 to 0.5 bar (in 0.5 to 1.5 bar · 1 to 2.5 bar 0.1 bar increments						
Max. permissible operat	ing pressure	40 bar for 160 to 320 cm ² · 40 and 16 bar for 640 cm ²						
Max. perm. operating p actuator with two diaph		40 bar fo 25 bar for 320	-					
Conformity		C€ · ヒᡌ · Effl						
Leakage class according IEC 60534-4	to	≤0.05 % of K _{vs} coefficient						

Table 3-1: Technical data · All pressures in bar (gauge)

¹⁾ Higher temperatures on request

	Table 3-2: K_{VS} coefficients, x_{PS}	values and max.	permissible differential	pressures Δp
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Type 2423 Valve · Balanced b	Type 2423 Valve · Balanced by a bellows													
Valve size DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	
Valve travel			10	mm				16 mm			22 mm			
K _{vs} coefficient	4.0	6.3 8.0 16		20	32	50	80	125	190	280	420	500		
Max. perm. diff. pressure Δp			25	bar			20	bar	16	bar	12 bar	10 bar		
x _{FZ} value	0.65	0.6	0	55	0.45	0	0.4 0.3					0.3		
Type 2423 Valve · Balanced by a diaphragm														
Valve size DN	6	5	80		100		125		150		200	25	0	
Valve travel			15 m	m					3	5 mm				
K _{vs} coefficient	50	50			125		250		390		650	80	0	
Max. perm. diff. pressure Δp			10 b	ar			12 bar				10 bar			
x _{FZ} value	0.	4				0.35).35				0.3			

Type 2	423 Valve								
Pressui	re rating	PN 16	PN 16, 25	PN	1 16, 25, 40				
Valve l	body	Cast iron EN-GJL-250	Casi	ast steel 1.0619					
Type 2	423 Valve · Balance	d by a bellows							
Seat			1.4404, 1.4006						
Ы	Up to DN 100		1.4404 or 1.4006 ¹⁾						
Plug	DN 125 to 250	1.4	4301, 1.4404 with PTFE soft	seal					
Plug st	Plug stem 1.4301								
Metal bellows DN 15 to 100: 1.4571 · DN 125 to 250: 1.4404									
Bottom	section		P265GH						
Body g	gasket		Graphite on metal core						
Type 2	423 Valve · Balance	d by a diaphragm							
Seat			CC499K ²⁾		-				
Plug		CC499K ²) ·	With EPDM or PTFE soft seal,	max. 150	°C				
Pressu	re balancing		sheet steel DD11 · Diaphragr lancing diaphragm, max. 15		IS1030 · EPDM				
Type 2	424 and Type 2428	Actuators							
Diaphi	ragm cases	1.0332		1.43	301				
Diaphi	ragm		EPDM with fabric reinforceme	ent					
Guide	bushing	DU bushing	9	PTI	E				
Seals			EPDM/PTFE						

Table 3-3: Materials · Material numbers according to DIN EN

 $^{1)}$ $\,$ Optionally with soft seal with standard K_{VS} coefficients

²⁾ Special version in 1.4409

Table 3-4: Flow rate set point ranges for water · Type 2423 Valve, balanced by a bellows

Δp _{set point}	Δp_{plant}	Δp _{restric} -	DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250
0.2 bar	0.1 bar	0.1 bar	∛ Мах.	1.4	2.1	2.4	4.9	7.7	11.2	19	28	44	56	84	126	154
0.5 bar	0.3 bar	0.2 bar	V Мах.	2	3	3.5	7	11	16	28	40	63	80	120	180	220
1.0 bar	0.5 bar	0.5 bar	∜ Мах.	3	4.5	5.3	9.5	16	24	40	58	90	120	180	260	300
Max. per			25 bar				20 bar		16 bar		12 bar	10	bar			

	, .	,					1 0	
Valve size	DN	65	80	100	125	150	200	250
Diff. pressure	0.2 bar	2 to 28	3.5 to 35 ¹⁾	6.5 to 63	11 to 120	18 to 180	20 to 320	26 to 350
across restriction Δp _{restriction}	0.5 bar	3.5 to 40	6.5 to 55	11 to 90	18 to 180	20 to 260	26 to 450	30 to 520
Max. perm. diff. pr		10 bar		12 bar			bar	

Table 3-5: Flow rate set point ranges for water · Type 2423 Valve, balanced by a diaphragm

 $^{1)}$ 7 to 35 m³/h (160 cm² actuator), 7 to 40 m³/h (320 cm² actuator)

Table 3-6: Dimensions and weights for Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 · Balanced by a bellowsDimensions in mm · Weights in kg (without process medium)

				0	C	, ,								
Valve size	DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250
Length L		130	150	160	180	200	230	290	310	350	400	480	600	730
Height H1				28	285 360 415 460 590 730						30			
Height H2			115			135		19	95	220	265 295 400			00
Туре 42-38	Differential Press	ure Regulator with Flow Limitation												
Set points							Туре 2	2428 A	ctuato	r				
0.2 bar			45	50			52	25	585					
0.3 bar 0.4 bar	Actuator											-		
0.5 bar	Weight ²⁾ in kg	11.5	12	13	19.5	20	22.5	45	50	58	1			
Туре 42-34	Type 42-34 Differential Pressure Regulator with Flow Limitation													
Set points		Type 2424 Actuator												
	Height H ³⁾	670 7					74	45	800	990	1120	12	60	
0.1 to 0.6 bar	Actuator	ØD = 225 mm, A = 160 cm ^{2 1)}					21)		= 285 = 320 (,	9	ØD = 3' A = 64		,
	Weight ²⁾ in kg	16	16.5	17.5	24	24.5	27	46	51	59	135	185	425	485
	Height H ³⁾	670 745 800 990 1120 1260								60				
0.2 to 1 bar	Actuator	ØD = 225 mm, A = 160						cm ^{2 1)}						
	Weight ²⁾ in kg	16	16.5	17.5	24	24.5	27	42	47	55	135	185	425	485
	Height H ³⁾		610					685 740			990	1120	12	60
0.5 to 1.5 bar	Actuator	ØD = 225 mm, A = 160						cm ^{2 1)}						
	Weight ²⁾ in kg	16	16.5	17.5	24	24.5	27	42	47	55	125	175	425	475
1.	Height H ³⁾			61	0			68	35	740	990	1120	12	60
1 to 2.5 bar	Actuator					ØD =	= 225 I	mm, A	= 160	cm ^{2 1)}				
	Weight ²⁾ in kg	16	16.5	17.5	24	24.5	27	42	47	55	125	175	425	475

1) Optionally with 320 cm² actuator

²⁾ The weight applies to the version with the material specifications EN-GJL-250. Add +10 % for all other materials.

³⁾ Minimum clearance required to remove the actuator: +100 mm

Table 3-7: Dimensions and weights for Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 · Balanced by adiaphragm

Dimensions in mm · Weights in kg (without process medium)

				<u> </u>				
Valve size DN		65	80	100	125	150	200	250
Length L		290	310	350	400	480	600	730
Height H1		250		270	285	310 380		
Height H2		195		220	290	325	335	380
Type 42-38 Diffe	erential Pressure Re	gulator with	n Flow Limit	ration				
Set points		Type 2428 Actuator						
0.2 bar 0.3 bar 0.4 bar 0.5 bar	Height H 4)	4	15	440				
	Actuator	$ØD = 285 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{A} = 320 \text{ cm}^2$				-		
	Weight ¹⁾ in kg	40	45	55				
Type 42-34 Diffe	erential Pressure Re	gulator witl	n Flow Limit	ation				
Set points					be 2424 Actuator			
0.1 to 0.6 bar	Height H 4)	635		655	780	805	1020	
	Actuator	$\emptyset D = 285 \text{ mm} \cdot A = 320 \text{ cm}^2$			$\&D = 390 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{A} = 640 \text{ cm}^2$			
	Weight ¹⁾ in kg	47	52	62	95	115	290	305
0.2 to 1 bar	Height H ⁴⁾	635		655	780	805	10	20
	Actuator	$\emptyset D = 225 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{A} = 160 \text{ cm}^{23}$			$\varnothing D = 390 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{A} = 640 \text{ cm}^2$			
	Weight ¹⁾ in kg	47	52	62	95	115	290	305
0.5 to 1.5 bar	Height H ⁴⁾	635		655	780	805	1020	
	Actuator	$\emptyset D = 225 \text{ mm} \cdot A = 160 \text{ cm}$		160 cm ^{2 3)}	$\emptyset D = 285 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{A} = 320 \text{ cm}^{22}$			
	Weight ¹⁾ in kg	47	52	62	95	115	290	305
1 to 2.5 bar	Height H ⁴⁾	635		655	780	805	1020	
	Actuator	$\&D = 225 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{A} = 160 \text{ cm}^{23}$						
	Weight ¹⁾ in kg	47	52	62	95	115	290	305

¹⁾ The weight applies to the version with the material specifications EN-GJL-250. Add +10 % for all other materials.

2) Optionally with 640 cm² actuator

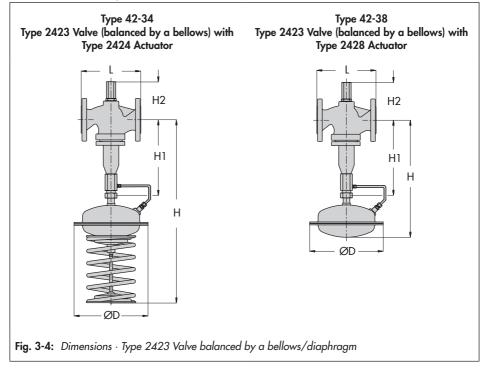
³⁾ Optionally with 320 cm² actuator

⁴⁾ Minimum clearance required to remove the actuator: +100 mm

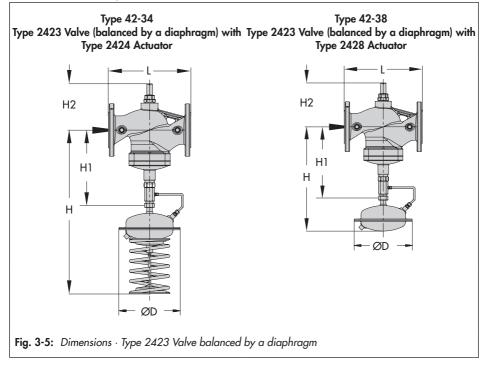
Table 3-8: Weights of Type 2424 and Type 2428 Actuators · Weights in kg (without process medium)

Actuator area in cm ²	640	320	160 · 80 · 40
Weight [kg]	45	23	12

Dimensional drawings



Dimensional drawings



4 Shipment and on-site transport

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

4.1 Accepting the delivered goods

After receiving the shipment, proceed as follows:

- Check the scope of delivery. Check that the specifications on the valve and actuator nameplate match the specifications in the delivery note. See the 'Markings on the device' section for nameplate details.
- Check the shipment for transportation damage. Report any damage to SAM-SON and the forwarding agent (refer to delivery note).
- Determine the weight and dimensions of the units to be lifted and transported in order to select the appropriate lifting equipment and lifting accessories. Refer to the transport documents and the 'Design and principle of operation' section.

4.2 Removing the packaging from the regulator

The components (valve, actuator and, if applicable, accessories) of the regulator are delivered separately.

Proceed as follows to lift and install the valve:

- ➔ Do not open or remove the packaging until immediately before lifting to install the regulator into the pipeline.
- → Leave the regulator components in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it on site.
- → Do not remove the protective caps from the inlet and outlet until immediately before installing the valve into the pipeline. They prevent foreign particles from entering the valve.
- → Dispose and recycle the packaging in accordance with the local regulations.

4.3 Transporting and lifting the regulator

Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- → Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- → Close off and secure the transport paths.

Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the regulator without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injury in particular) depending on the weight of the regulator and/or actuator.

- Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.
- Observe the guideline weight for manual handling: 15 to max. 55 kg per person taking into account age, gender and physical fitness.
- When the actuator is filled with medium, take the weight of the medium also into account.
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights of the regulator and actuator.

Risk of personal injury due to the regulator tipping.

→ Observe the regulator's center of gravity.

→ Secure the regulator against tipping over or turning.

Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

- Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including actuator and packaging, if applicable).
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights.

⁻∑́⁻ Tip

Our after-sales service can provide more detailed transport and lifting instructions on request.

4.3.1 Transporting the regulator

The regulator can be transported using lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift).

- → Leave the regulator in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it.
- → Observe the transport instructions.

Transport instructions

- ➔ Protect the regulator against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.

- ➔ Protect the regulator against moisture and dirt.
- ➔ Protect the piping and any mounted valve accessories against damage.
- → The permissible ambient temperature of standard regulators is -20 to +80 °C.

4.3.2 Lifting the regulator

To install a large regulator into the pipeline, use lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift) to lift it.

Lifting instructions

- → Use a hook with safety latch to secure the slings from slipping off the hook during lifting and transporting (see Fig. 4-1).
- → Secure slings against slipping.
- → Make sure the slings can be removed after installation.
- Prevent the regulator from tilting or tipping.
- Do not leave loads suspended when interrupting work for longer periods of time.
- Make sure that the axis of the pipeline is always horizontal during lifting and the axis of the plug stem is always vertical.

Lifting

 Attach one sling to the flange of the body and to the rigging equipment (e.g. hook) of the crane or forklift (see Fig. 4-1).

- 2. Carefully lift the regulator. Check whether the lifting equipment and accessories can bear the weight.
- 3. Move the regulator at an even pace to the site of installation.
- 4. Install the regulator into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- After installation in the pipeline, check whether the regulator flanges are bolted tight.
- 6. Remove slings.

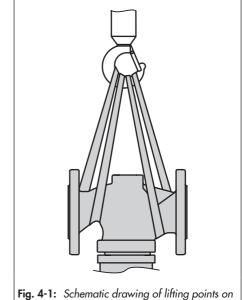


Fig. 4-1: Schematic drawing of lifting points on the regulator

4.4 Storing the regulator

Risk of regulator damage due to improper storage.

- → Observe the storage instructions.
- → Avoid long storage times.
- → Contact SAMSON in case of different storage conditions or longer storage times.

i Note

We recommend regularly checking the regulator and the prevailing storage conditions during long storage periods.

Storage instructions

- ➔ Protect the regulator against external influences (e.g. impact).
- → Secure the regulator in the stored position against slipping or tipping over.
- ➔ Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- → Protect the regulator against moisture and dirt. Store it at a relative humidity of less than 75 %. In damp spaces, prevent condensation. If necessary, use a drying agent or heating.
- → Make sure that the ambient air is free of acids or other corrosive media.
- → The permissible storage temperature of standard regulators is -20 to +65 °C.

 Do not place any objects on the regulator.

Special storage instructions for elastomers

Elastomer, e.g. operating diaphragm

- To keep elastomers in shape and to prevent cracking, do not bend them or hang them up.
- ➔ Store elastomers away from lubricants, chemicals, solutions and fuels.
- We recommend a storage temperature of 15 °C for elastomers.

∹∑- Tip

SAMSON's After-sales Service can provide more detailed storage instructions on request.

5 Installation

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

5.1 Installation conditions

Work position

The work position for the regulator is the front view onto all operating controls on the regulator (including any additional fittings) seen from the position of operating personnel.

Plant operators must ensure that, after installation of the device, the operating personnel can perform all necessary work safely and easily access the device from the work position.

Pipeline routing

The inlet and outlet lengths vary depending on several variables and process conditions and are intended as recommendations. Contact SAMSON if the lengths are significantly shorter than the recommended lengths.

To ensure that the regulator functions properly, proceed as follows:

- → Observe the inlet and outlet lengths (see Table 5-1). Contact SAMSON if the regulator conditions or state of the medium process deviate.
- → Install the regulator free of stress and with the least amount of vibrations as possible. Read information under 'Mounting position' and 'Support or suspension' in this section.

- ➔ For media with a tendency to condensate, an automatic drainage must be installed. Install the pipeline with a slight downward slope on both sides of the regulator to prevent condensate from collecting in the valve.
- → Install the regulator allowing sufficient space to remove the actuator and valve or to perform service work on them.

Mounting position

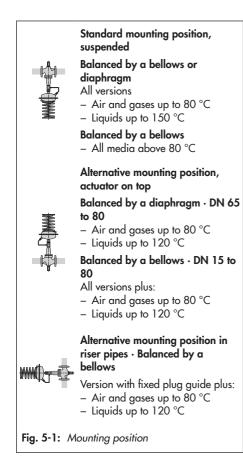
To ensure that the regulator functions properly, proceed as follows:

- → Standard mounting position: install the actuator housing suspended downward in horizontal pipelines (see Fig. 5-1).
- Make sure the direction of flow matches the direction indicated by the arrow on the body.
- → Contact SAMSON if the mounting position is not as specified above.

Damage due to freezing.

Protect the regulator from icing up when controlling media that can freeze. Unless the regulator is installed in locations where no frost occurs, remove the regulator from the pipeline when the plant is shut down.

Installation



Support or suspension

i Note

The plant engineering company is responsible for selecting and implementing a suitable support or suspension of the installed regulator and the pipeline.

Risk of regulator damage due to incorrect support.

- Do not attach supports to the valve, to moving parts on the actuator or to the control lines.
- Contact SAMSON if the mounting position differs from the standard mounting position.

Depending on the regulator version and mounting position, the valve, actuator and pipeline must be supported or suspended.

Control line

Route the control lines on site preferably using a 8x1 mm (stainless) steel pipe. The pressure tapping point must at least three times the valve size (DN) away from any pipe fittings (e.g. restrictions, bends or branches), that may cause turbulence in the flow. How the lines are routed generally depends on the installation site.

- ➔ Preferably connect the control line to the side of the main pipe (see Fig. 5-2 and Table 5-1).
- Do not change the pipe diameter of the main pipeline with an eccentric reducer.

∹∑- Tip

Control line kits, needle valves, condensation chambers and compression-type screw fittings can be supplied as required. These accessories are listed in ► T 3095.

Needle valve

To additionally dampen the regulator or to shut off the control lines, we recommend also installing a needle valve in the control line in addition to the standard SAMSON screw joint with restriction. The standard SAMSON screw joint with restriction is located in the compression-type fitting at the (+) connection of the diaphragm actuator.

5.2 Preparation for installation

Valve and actuator can be assembled before or after the valve has been installed in the pipeline. We recommend first installing the valve without the actuator into the pipeline.

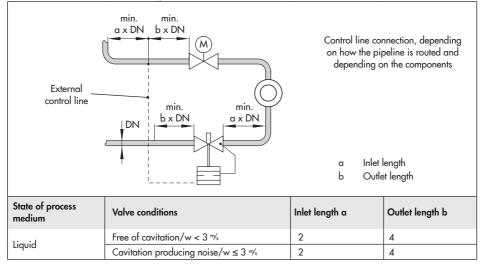
Before installation, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The valve is clean.
- The valve, actuator and all piping are not damaged.
- Install a strainer upstream of the regulator.
- The valve data on the nameplate (type designation, valve size, material, pressure rating and temperature range) match the plant conditions (size and pressure rating of the pipeline, medium temperature etc.). See the 'Markings on the device' section for nameplate details.
- The requested or required additional fittings (see the 'Design and principle of operation' section) have been installed or prepared as necessary before installing the valve.

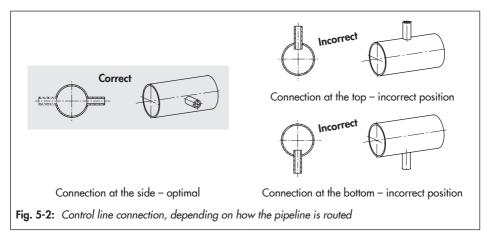
Proceed as follows:

- → Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready during installation work.
- → Check any mounted pressure gauges to make sure they function properly.

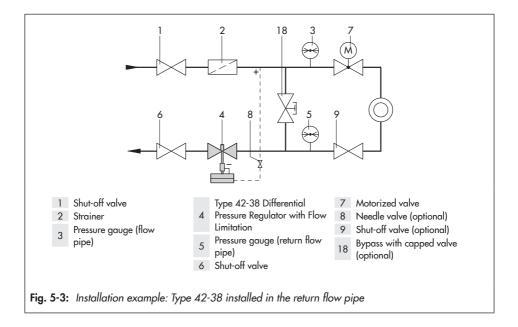
Installation







Installation



5.3 Installation

The components (valve, actuator and, if applicable, accessories) of the SAMSON regulator are delivered separately. Upon delivery, the separate components must be assembled together. The activities listed below are necessary for installation and before start-up of the regulator.

Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- → Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- → Close off and secure the transport paths.

Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

- Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including actuator and packaging, if applicable).
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights.

Risk of personal injury due to the regulator tipping.

- → Observe the regulator's center of gravity.
- → Secure the regulator against tipping over or turning.

Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the regulator without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injury in particular) depending on the weight of the regulator and/or actuator.

- Observe the guideline weight for manual handling: 15 to max. 55 kg per person taking into account age, gender and physical fitness.
- When the actuator is filled with medium, take the weight of the medium also into account.
- Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights of the regulator and actuator.
- Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.

Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON (see 'Tools' in Annex).

Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

→ Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON (see 'Lubricants' in Annex).

Risk of regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

 Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

5.3.1 Installing the regulator

The regulator is installed in the downstream pressure pipe (return flow pipe) of the plant. See installation examples in Fig. 5-3.

- Close the shut-off valves (1, 6) upstream and downstream of the regulator while the regulator is being installed.
- 2. Remove the protective caps from the valve ports before installing the valve.
- Lift the valve using suitable lifting equipment to the site of installation. Observe the flow direction through the valve. The arrow on the valve indicates the direction of flow.
- 4. Make sure that the correct flange gaskets are used.
- 5. Bolt the pipe to the valve free of stress.
- 6. Mount the actuator.
- Fasten the actuator on the valve by tightening the coupling nut (11), while observing the alignment of the control line connections. Observe the specified tight-

ening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

- Mount the control lines (to be installed on site) and any needle valves and open them.
- Mount the control lines (to be installed on site) on the actuator. Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

5.4 Testing the regulator

Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death. Before working on the regulator:

- → Depressurize all plant sections concerned and the regulator.
- ➔ Disconnect the control line.
- Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- → Do not loosen the control line while the valve is pressurized.
- → Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions.

Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or very cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

→ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

The regulator components are delivered by SAMSON ready for use. To test the regulator functioning before start-up or putting back the regulator into operation, perform the following tests:

5.4.1 Leak test

The plant operator is responsible for performing the leak test and selecting the test method. The leak test must comply with the requirements of the national and international standards that apply at the site of installation.

∹∑́- Тір

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you to plan and perform a leak test for your plant.

- → All required control lines are connected to the actuator and are not shut off.
- 1. Install the regulator into the pipeline. See section 'Installation'.
- 2. Apply the required test pressure.
- Check the regulator for leakage to the atmosphere.
- Depressurize the pipeline section and regulator.
- 5. Rework any parts that leak and repeat the leak test.

5.4.2 Pressure test

Risk of valve damage due to a sudden pressure increase.

- Slowly open the shut-off valves.

i Note

The plant operator is responsible for performing the pressure test. SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you to plan and perform a pressure test for your plant.

Pressure test with mounted diaphragm actuator

During the pressure test, make sure the following conditions are met:

- → All required control lines are connected to the actuator and are not shut off.
- ➔ Do not allow the pressure to exceed the 1.5 times the pressure rating of the valve body.
- → Do not apply a pressure higher than the maximum specified pressure rating or maximum operating pressure to the actuator (see 'Technical data' in the 'Design and principle of operation' section).
- Make sure that the pressure rises simultaneously upstream and downstream of the regulator to avoid damaging the balancing bellows or the balancing diaphragm.

If the **test pressure** of the valve is **higher** than the specified maximum permissible operating pressure of the diaphragm actuator:

- → Depressurize the plant.
- → Remove the control line (9 or 9.1) and seal the connection at the valve with a blanking plug.
- → Remove the control line mounted on site. Close any control line connection in the plant by closing the installed shut-off valve or inserting a blanking plug.
- → Seal the body connections with blanking plugs.

The diaphragm actuator remains mounted on the valve and seals off the valve.

Pressure test without mounted diaphragm actuator

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

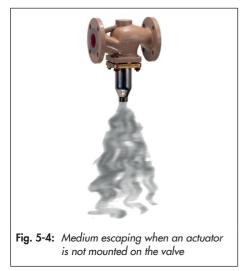
Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- → Do not loosen the control line while the valve is pressurized.
- → Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

If the valve is not sealed off, the test medium escapes at the connection where the actuator is connected to the valve. It is not possible to perform a pressure test on the valve in this case (see Fig. 5-4).

→ Seal off the valve using a coupling nut (0250-1037) with seal (0340-1962).

Installation



- → Before flushing the plant with the process medium, read the information under 'Starting up the plant' in the 'Start-up' section.
- → A higher set point is adjusted at the controller and all consumers are open to guarantee a high flow rate.
- Observe the mesh size of the upstream strainer for the maximum particle size. Use strainers to suit the process medium.
- → Check the strainer for dirt each time the pipeline is flushed and clean it, if necessary.

If the regulator malfunctions due to clogging after flushing the pipeline, proceed as described in the 'Troubleshooting' section.

5.4.3 Filling the plant

Open the shut-off valves slowly over a time period of several minutes preferably starting from the upstream pressure side to fill the plant (all consumers and control lines are open).

Make sure that the pressure rises simultaneously upstream and downstream of the regulator to avoid damaging the balancing bellows or the balancing diaphragm.

5.4.4 Cleaning the pipeline

We recommend additionally flushing the pipeline with installed regulator over a time period of several minutes before start-up.

→ All required control lines are connected and not shut off.

5.5 Insulation

To insulate cold systems, we recommend first filling the plant and carefully rinsing it. The regulator must not yet be insulated at this stage.

- Start up the plant and adjust the set point (see the 'Start-up' section).
- Shut down the plant again and let it heat up until the condensation water has dried off.
- 3. Insulate the regulator and pipes conveying the process medium using insulation material with a water vapor barrier. Use a stable sleeve to protect the external set point springs against touching or friction and include it in the insulation. If a control line is to be routed through the insulation, special care must be taken with the sealing since slight changes in shape may occur. The insulation thickness depends on the medium temperature and the ambient conditions. 50 mm is a typical thickness.

Risk of regulator damage due to incorrect insulation.

- ➔ The actuator must be insulated for medium temperatures below 0 °C.
- → The regulator must only be insulated up to the bottom section with balancing bellows or up to the connection of the actuator for medium temperatures above 80 °C.

Installation

6 Start-up

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- ➔ Do not loosen the control line while the valve is pressurized.
- ➔ Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

Before start-up or putting the device back into service, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The regulator is properly installed into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- The leak and function tests have been completed successfully (see the 'Testing the regulator' section).
- The prevailing conditions in the plant section concerned meet the regulator sizing requirements (see information under 'Intended use' in the 'Safety instructions and measures' section).

6.1 Start-up and putting the device back into operation

- Depending on the field of application, allow the regulator to cool down or warm up to reach ambient temperature before start up.
- 2. All consumer valves are open.
- Open the shut-off valves slowly over a time period of several minutes. Slowly opening these valves prevents a sudden surge in pressure which can damage the regulator parts.
- Check the regulator to ensure it functions properly (see information under 'Adjusting the differential pressure set point' in the 'Operation' section).

Start-up

Before starting up the plant, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The control lines are open (needle valve) and correctly connected.

6.2 Starting up the plant

- 1. The plant (e.g. consumer valve) must be open while the plant is being filled.
- 2. The control lines are open (needle valve) and correctly connected.
- Open the shut-off valves slowly over a time period of several minutes starting from the upstream pressure side. Fill the plant with the medium.
- Make sure that the pressure rises simultaneously upstream and downstream of the regulator to avoid damaging the balancing bellows or diaphragm.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- ➔ Do not loosen the control line while the valve is pressurized.
- → Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions.

Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator. Immediately after completing start-up or placing the regulator back into service (see the 'Start-up' section), the regulator is ready for use.

7.1 Adjusting the set points

→ See Fig. 7-1 and Fig. 7-2.

The following rule applies to all differential pressure regulators with flow limitation: first adjust the differential pressure and the flow limitation afterwards.

7.1.1 Adjusting the differential pressure set point

The differential pressure set point can only be adjusted on the Type 42-34 Regulator. The differential pressure set point of the Type 42-38 Regulator is determined by the internal set point springs (16).

The control and shut-off valves as well as all consumers or a bypass valve (if installed) must be open.

i Note

We recommend adjusting the regulator at an operating point at which the consumer valve is open by approximately 5 %. This results in the highest controlled differential pressure.

Procedure for the Type 42-34 Regulator

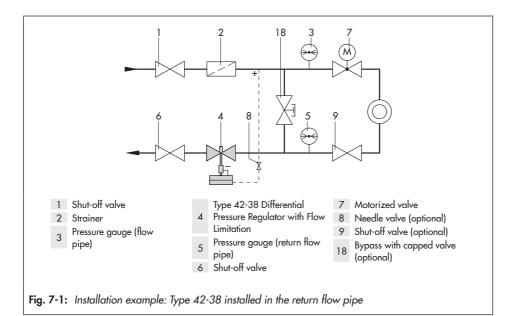
Adjust the required set point by tensioning the set point springs (16) at the set point adjuster (17).

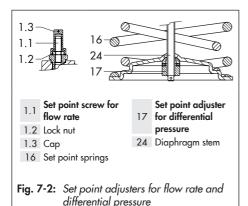
For smaller differential pressure set points, we recommend using a differential pressure pressure gauge instead of the pressure gauges (3 and 5) to check the pressure.

- 5. Close the motorized valve.
- 6. Unscrew the cap (1.3) and undo the lock nut (1.2).
- Turn the flow set point screw (1.1) counterclockwise (O) as far as it will go (fully open) to deactivate the flow limitation.
- 8. Relieve the tension from the set point springs (16).

- 9. Slightly open the motorized valve (approx. 10 % valve travel). See Fig. 7-1.
- Adjust the differential pressure by turning the set point adjuster (17) to load the set point springs.
 - Turn the set point adjuster (17) clockwise (U) to increase the pressure set point.
 - Turn the set point adjuster (17) counterclockwise (U) to reduce the pressure set point.

Change the plant throughput (e.g. by opening and closing the consumer valve) to check the adjusted differential pressure at the regulator. Correct it, if necessary.





7.1.2 Adjusting the flow limitation

Set point adjustment is always based on a closed restriction (1.4).

How to proceed:

- 1. Unscrew the cap (1.3) and undo lock nut (1.2).
- 2. Turn the set point screw (1.1) clockwise to block the flow.
- To achieve the maximum flow rate, all control and shut-off valves as well as all consumers including the motorized valve must be open (to ensure minimum drag in the plant).
- 4. Close the bypass valve, if installed.
- Adjust the set point (see Table 7-2 and Table 7-3) by turning the set point screw

(1.1) one turn at a time. Check the flow rate at the heat meter (reading of flow measuring unit). Adjust the flow rate in smaller steps until the required flow rate is constant (± 2 % deviations are generally acceptable).

Increase the differential pressure set point if the maximum flow rate is not reached.

- 6. After reaching the required flow rate, secure the set point screw (1.1) using the lock nut (1.2). Screw cap (1.3) back on.
- 7. Lead-seal the valve and actuator.

To adjust the flow rate limit when the pressure drop across the plant is known, use the adjustment diagrams for water (Fig. 7-4 to Fig. 7-9).

i Note

Using the set point screw (1.1) – Turn clockwise (U): The restriction closes. The flow rate drops. – Turn counterclockwise (U): The restriction opens. The flow rate rises.

i Note

We recommend adjusting the flow rate with the aid of a heat meter.

7.1.3 Based on a known plant pressure drop

To adjust the flow rate limit when the pressure drop of the plant is known, use the adjustment diagrams for water (Fig. 7-4 to Fig. 7-9).

How to proceed:

- 1. Unscrew the cap (1.3).
- Undo lock nut (1.2) and turn the set point screw (1.1) clockwise as far as it will go to close the restriction.
- 3. Adjust the flow rate according to the value determined (number of turns in counterclockwise direction (J).
- Secure restriction setting using the lock nut (1.2) at the set point screw (1.1). Screw cap (1.3) back on.
- 5. Lead-seal the set point screw at the cap (1.3).

To determine the flow limitation to be adjusted and for Type 42-34 additionally the differential pressure set point, the differential pressure across the restriction ($\Delta p_{restriction}$) must be added to the known pressure drop across the plant (Δp_{plant}). From experience, the differential pressure at the restriction is assumed to be 0.2 bar. The curves of the flow ranges in the follow-

ing diagrams (Fig. 7-9 to Fig. 7-4) apply to 0.1, 0.2 and 0.5 bar.

7.1.4 Based on an <u>unknown</u> plant pressure drop

To adjust the flow rate limit when the pressure drop across the plant is not known.

Procedure

- 1. Unscrew the cap (1.3).
- Undo lock nut (1.2) and turn the set point screw (1.1) clockwise (℃) to close the restriction.
- 3. Completely open the motorized valve.
- Open the restriction initially one turn at a time. Check the flow rate at the heat meter (reading of flow measuring unit). Adjust the flow rate in smaller steps until the required flow rate is constant (2 % deviations are generally acceptable).

If the maximum flow rate is not reached, the differential pressure set point (in Type 42-34) must be increased.

- After reaching the required flow rate, secure the restriction setting using the lock nut (1.2). Screw cap (1.3) back on.
- 6. Lead-seal the set point screw at the cap (1.3).
- 7. Lead-seal the actuator at the spindle.

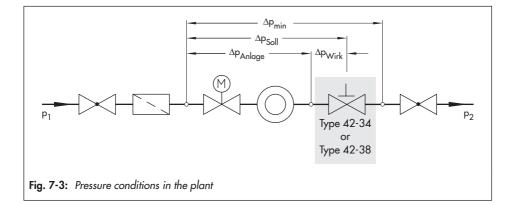
7.2 Pressure conditions in the plant and at the regulator

On selecting the differential pressure set point or set point range, note that the differential pressure set point ($\Delta p_{set point}$) results from the known pressure drop across the fully open plant (Δp_{plant}) and the differential pressure created at the restriction ($\Delta p_{restriction}$). See Fig. 7-3. The flow rate set points for water at a differential pressure at the restriction $\Delta p_{restriction}$ of 0.1, 0.2 and 0.5 bar are specified in Table 7-2 and Table 7-3.

$$\Delta \mathbf{p}_{set \ point} = \Delta p_{plant} + \Delta p_{restriction}$$

The minimum required differential pressure Δp_{min} across the value is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{split} \Delta p_{min} &= \Delta p_{set\,point} + \left(\frac{\cdot \ V}{K_{VS}}\right)^2 & \Delta p_{min} & \underset{bar}{\text{Minimum differential pressure across the value in}} \\ \Delta p_{min} & \underset{bar}{\text{Differential pressure created at the restriction for}} \\ \Delta p_{restriction} \underset{measuring the flow rate}{\text{Momental pressure set point in bar}} \\ \Delta p_{set\,point} & \underset{s \ completely \ open \ in \ bar}{\text{Differential pressure loss}} \text{ when the plant} \\ \dot{V} & \text{Adjusted flow rate in } m^3/h \\ K_{VS} & \text{Valve flow coefficient in } m^3/h \end{split}$$



7.3 Sample application

Adjusting the flow limitation (medium: water) when the pressure loss across the plant is known.

Known:

- A Type 46-34, DN 25, set point range from 0.25 to 3.5 m³/h is to be used to limit the flow rate in the plant to 3.0 m³/h.
- The pressure loss across the plant (△p_{plant}) is **0.4 bar**.
- Determine the adjustment values using the adjustment diagram Fig. 7-4 on page 7-7.

To be determined:

What is the limit value of the differential pressure set point and how many turns of the set point screw are necessary?

Solution:

Sequence: points **A** to **E** in diagram (Fig. 7-4).

The calculation is based on the **pressure drop** Δp across the plant, therefore, this value must be known.

 $\Delta p = 0.4 \text{ bar}$ is specified in the example and corresponds with **point A** in the diagram. The differential pressure at the restriction ($\Delta p_{\text{restriction}}$) assumed to be **0.2 bar** in the example, must be added.

A line representing this value is drawn from **A** across to the right and results in point B. **Point B** is situated on the same straight line for the differential pressure $\Delta p = 0.6$ bar. See section 7.1.1.

To adjust the differential pressure according to the adjustment diagrams (Fig. 7-4 to Fig. 7-9), it must be possible to also adjust the actuator set point required in addition to the calculated value.

- Select the set point range after calculating the required differential pressure.

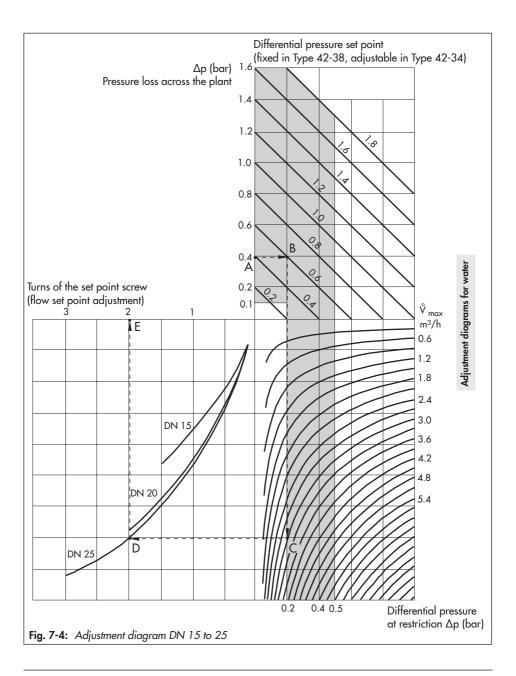
A vertical line is drawn from **point B** until it reaches the limiting curve for the flow rate (in the example, it is $3.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$). This is **point C**.

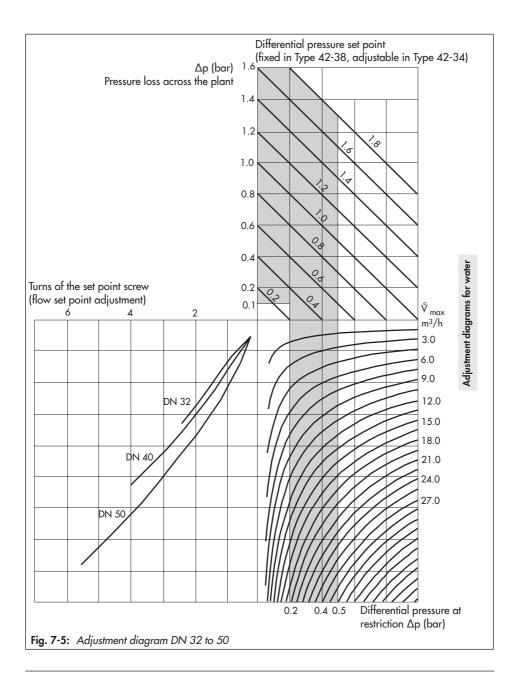
The horizontal line is drawn from **point C** across to the curve relevant for the nominal size (DN) or K_{VS} coefficient used; this is **point D**.

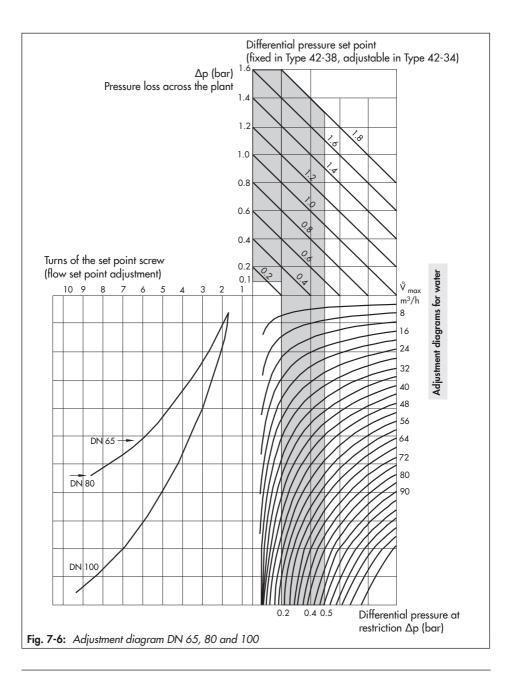
When a line is drawn vertically upwards from **point D**, this results in **point E** which indicates how many turns of the set point screw are required.

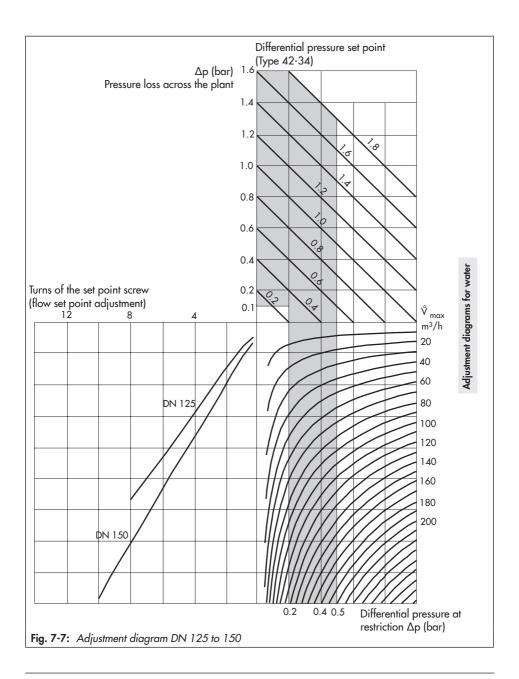
The example shows that around **1.9 turns** are required.

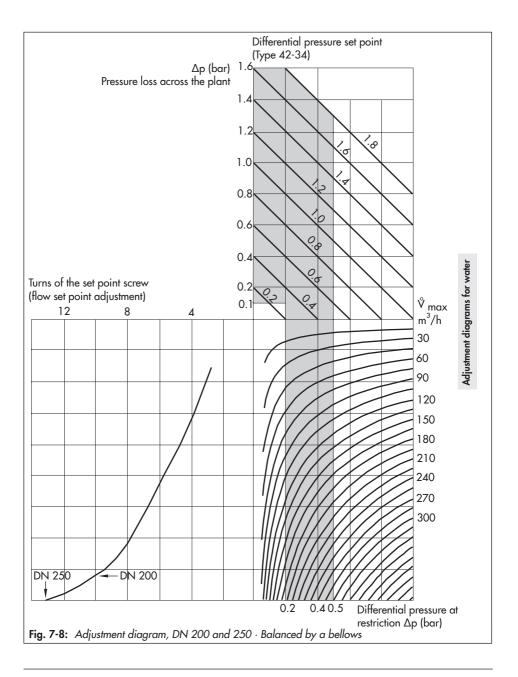
Based on a closed restriction, turn the set point screw (1.1) **1.9 turns** counterclockwise I to open the restriction.

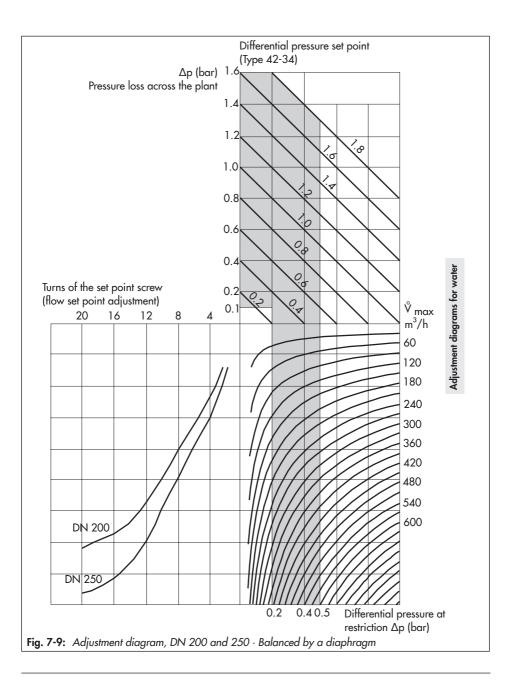












$\Delta p_{set point}$	Δp_{plant}	Δp _{restric} -	C	DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250
			۷I	Min.	0.05	0.15	0.25	0.4	0.6	0.9	2	3.5	6.5	11	18	20	26
0.2 bar	0.1 bar	0.1 bar	۷I	Max.	1.4	2.1	2.4	4.9	7.7	11.2	19	28	44	56	84	126	154
0.5 bar	0.3 bar	0.2 bar	۷I	Max.	2	3	3.5	7	11	16	28	40	63	80	120	180	220
1.0 bar	0.5 bar	0.5 bar	ΫI	Max.	3	4.5	5.3	9.5	16	24	40	58	90	120	180	260	300
Max. permissible differential pressure Δp					25	bar			20	bar	16	bar	12 bar	10	bar		

Table 7-2: Flow rate set point ranges for water · Type 2423 Valve, balanced by a bellows

 Table 7-3: Flow rate set point ranges for water · Type 2423 Valve, balanced by a diaphragm

Valve size	DN	65	80	100	125	150	200	250
Differential pressure	0.2 bar	2 to 28	3.5 to 35 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$	6.5 to 63	11 to 120	18 to 180	20 to 320	26 to 350
across restriction Δp _{restriction}	0.5 bar	3.5 to 40	6.5 to 55	11 to 90	18 to 180	20 to 260	26 to 450	30 to 520
Max. permissible diff pressure Δp		10 bar		12	bar	10	bar	

 $^{1)}$ 7 to 35 m³/h (160 cm² actuator), 7 to 40 m³/h (320 cm² actuator)

8 Malfunctions

8.1 Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action				
	Insufficient pressure pulses on the oper- ating diaphragm	→ Clean the control line and screw fittings.				
		→ Remove foreign particles.				
	Foreign particles blocking the plug	→ Replace damaged parts.				
		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				
	Seat and plug are worn or leak.	→ Replace the damaged seat and plug.				
Flow rate or	Sedi dha ping dre worn or leak.	→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				
differential pressure exceeds adjusted set	Regulator and its K _{vs} /C _v coefficient	→ Check the sizing.				
point	too large for control task (flow rate) or	 Change K_{VS}/C_V coefficient, if necessary or in- stall a different sized regulator. 				
	too small (differential pressure)	→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				
	Safety device, e.g. pressure limiter, has been triggered	→ Check plant. If necessary, unlock safety device.				
	Pressure tapped at the wrong place.	→ Reconnect control lines at a different place. Do not tap pressure at pipe bends or necks.				
	Defective operating diaphragm	→ Replace damaged diaphragm.				
		→ Check the sizing.				
	Regulator or K _{VS} /C _V coefficient too large	→ Change K _{VS} /C _V coefficient, if necessary or in- stall a different sized regulator.				
Differential pressure fluctuates.		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				
	The restriction in the control line for	→ Install a restriction.				
	pressure tapping is too large or missing.	→ Install a smaller restriction.				
Slow control	Restriction in the screw joint of the	Do not close the screw joint with restriction completely.				
response	actuator dirty or too small	→ Clean screw joint or install larger screw joint.				
	Dirt in the control line	→ Clean the control line.				
		→ Remove foreign particles.				
Jerky control response	Increased friction, e.g. due to foreign particles between seat and plug	→ Replace damaged parts.				
		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				

Malfunctions

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action			
	Regulator installed against the flow	 Install the regulator so that the direction of flow matches the direction indicated by the arrow on the body. 			
		→ Compare differential pressure in the plant with the plant's drag.			
	Plant differential pressure Δp too low	Plant differential pressure			
		$\Delta p_{min} = \Delta p_{restriction} + (V/K_{VS})^2$			
		→ Check the sizing.			
Flow or differential	Regulator or K_{VS}/C_V coefficient too large	→ Change K _{VS} /C _V coefficient, if necessary or in- stall a different sized regulator.			
pressure set point not		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.			
reached	Safety device, e.g. pressure limiter, has been triggered	→ Check plant. If necessary, unlock safety device.			
	Incorrect set point range selected	→ Check set point range			
		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.			
		→ Remove foreign particles.			
	Foreign particles blocking the plug	→ Replace damaged parts.			
		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.			
	Control line blocked	→ Clean the control line and screw fittings.			
	Strainer blocked	→ Clean the strainer.			
	Defective operating diaphragm	→ Replace damaged diaphragm.			
	unda da an	→ Check the sizing.			
Loud noises	High flow velocity, cavitation	→ Install larger regulator, if necessary.			

i Note

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for malfunctions not listed in the table.

The malfunctions listed in section 8.1 are caused by mechanical faults and incorrect regulator sizing. In the simplest case, the functioning can be restored following the recommended action. Special tools may be required to rectify the fault.

Exceptional operating and installation conditions may lead to changed situations that may affect the control response and lead to malfunctions. For troubleshooting, the conditions, such as installation, process medium, temperature and pressure conditions, must be taken into account.

∹∑- Tip

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you in drawing up an inspection and test plan for your plant.

8.2 Emergency action

Plant operators are responsible for emergency action to be taken in the plant.

We recommend removing the regulator from the pipeline before repairing it.

In the event of a regulator malfunction:

- Close the shut-off valves upstream and downstream of the regulator to stop the process medium from flowing through the regulator.
- 2. Perform troubleshooting (see section 8.1).

 Rectify those malfunctions that can be remedied based on the instructions provided here. Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service in all other cases.

Putting the regulator back into operation after a malfunction

See the 'Start-up' section.

9 Servicing

The regulator does not require any maintenance. Nevertheless, it is subject to natural wear, particularly at the seat, plug and operating diaphragm. Depending on the operating conditions, check the regulator at regular intervals to avoid possible malfunctions. Plant operators are responsible for drawing up an inspection and test plan. Details on faults and how to remedy them can be found in the 'Malfunctions' section.

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

We recommend removing the regulator from the pipeline before performing any maintenance or service work.

Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- → Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- → Close off and secure the transport paths.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

→ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

Risk of personal injury due to the regulator tipping.

- → Observe the regulator's center of gravity.
- → Secure the regulator against tipping over or turning.

Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the regulator without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injury in particular) depending on the weight of the regulator and/or actuator.

- Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.
- Observe the guideline weight for manual handling: 15 to max. 55 kg per person taking into account age, gender and physical fitness.
- When the actuator is filled with medium, take the weight of the medium also into account.
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights of the regulator and actuator.

Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

- Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including actuator and packaging, if applicable).
- → Refer to the 'Design and principle of operation' section for the weights.

Risk of regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

→ Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

 Only use tools approved by SAMSON (see 'Tools' in Annex).

Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

 Only use lubricants approved by SAM-SON (see 'Lubricants' in Annex).

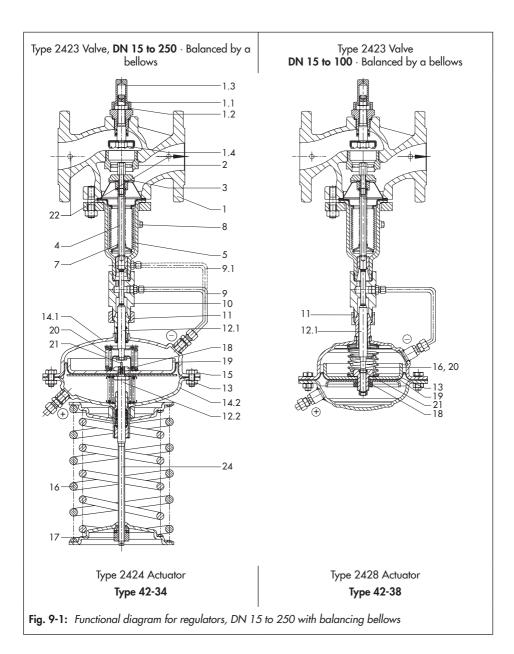
i Note

The regulator was checked by SAMSON before it left the factory.

- Certain test results certified by SAMSON lose their validity when the regulator is opened. Such testing includes seat leakage and leak tests.
- The product warranty becomes void if service or repair work not described in these instructions is performed without prior agreement by SAMSON's After-sales Service.
- Only use original spare parts by SAM-SON, which comply with the original specifications.

∹ў- Тір

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you in drawing up an inspection and test plan for your plant.



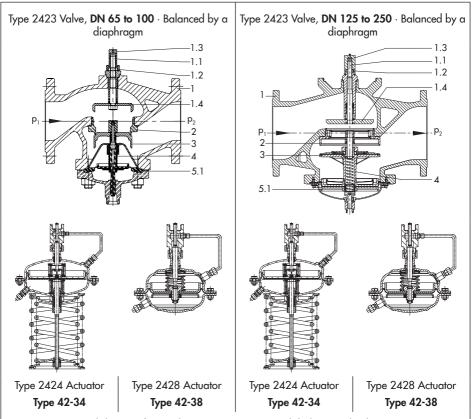


Fig. 9-2: Functional diagram for regulators, DN 65 to 250 with balancing diaphragm

Legend for Fig. 9-1 and Fig. 9-2								
1	Valve body	5.1	Balancing diaphragm	11 Coupling nut Set point adjustment				
1.1	Flow set point adjustment (set point screw)		Spring Screw plug (balanced by a bellows, DN 125	12.1 Diaphragm stem1712.2 Diaphragm stem1713 Operating diaphragmadjuster)				
1.2	Lock nut		and larger)	. i operaning eneperagini				
1.3	Сар	0	Low-pressure control line (up to DN 100)	14.1 Top diaphragm case (valve on top) 18 Nut 19 Diaphragm plate				
1.4	Restriction	9		14.2 Bottom diaphragm 20 Force limiter				
2	Seat		Low-pressure connec-	case (valve on top) 21 Internal excess				
3	Plug	9.1	tion (DN 125 and	15 Nuts and bolts pressure valve				
4	Plug stem		larger)	16 Set point springs 22 Blanking plug at side				
5	Balancing bellows	10	Connecting piece (up to DN 100)	24 Diaphragm stem				

9.1 Preparing the valve for service work

- 1. Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready for the service work.
- 2. Put the regulator out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).

-☆- Tip

We recommend removing the regulator from the pipeline before performing any service work (see the 'Removing the regulator from the pipeline' section).

The following service work can be performed after preparation is completed:

- Replace the actuator (see section 9.4)
- Replace the seat and plug (see section 9.5)
- Replace the actuator's operating diaphragm (see section 9.6)

9.2 Installing the regulator after service work

Put the regulator back into operation (see the 'Start-up' section). Make sure the requirements and conditions for start-up or putting the valve back into operation are met.

9.3 Service work

- → Before performing any service work, preparations must be made to the regulator (see section 9.1).
- After all service work is completed, check the regulator before putting it back into operation (see the 'Testing the regulator' section).

9.4 Replacing the actuator

→ See Fig. 9-1 and Fig. 9-2

Removing the actuator

- 1. Put the regulator out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).
- 2. Unscrew all control lines.
- 3. Unscrew the coupling nut (11) of the diaphragm actuator from the valve. Remove the actuator.

Mounting the actuator

- Place the diaphragm actuator on the valve and fasten tight the coupling nut (11). Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- Screw on all control lines. Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- 3. Put the regulator back into operation (see the 'Start-up' section).

9.5 Replacing the seat and plug

To replace seat and plug, contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.

Further information is available in Annex ('After-sales service').

9.6 Exchanging the operating diaphragm unit in the actuator

🔆 Тір

The associated order number is written on the actual operating diaphragm.

9.6.1 Type 2428 Actuator

➔ See Fig. 9-1 and Fig. 9-2

Removing the operating diaphragm unit

- 1. Put the regulator out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).
- 2. Unscrew all control lines.
- Unscrew the coupling nut (11) of the diaphragm actuator from the valve. Remove the actuator.
- 4. Clamp the coupling nut (11) of the actuator into a suitable fixture.
- Unscrew nuts and bolts (15) from the actuator. Remove the bottom diaphragm case (14.2).

6. Pull the operating diaphragm unit (consisting of items 13, 18, 19, 21 and 24) out of the top diaphragm case (14.1).

Installing the operating diaphragm unit

- 1. Insert the new operating diaphragm unit into the top diaphragm case (14.1).
- 2. Place on the bottom diaphragm case (14.2).
- Insert nuts and bolts (15) and tighten gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- Place the diaphragm actuator on the valve and fasten tight the coupling nut (11). Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- 5. Screw on all control lines. Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- 6. Put the regulator back into operation (see the 'Start-up' section).

9.6.2 Type 2424 Actuator

→ See Fig. 9-1 and Fig. 9-2

Removing the operating diaphragm unit

- 1. Put the regulator out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).
- Completely relieve the tension from the set point springs (16) by turning the set point adjuster (17) counterclockwise (U).

Stored energy in the set point springs can cause components to move in an uncontrolled manner resulting in injury to hands or fingers.

- 3. Unscrew all control lines.
- 4. Unscrew the coupling nut (11) of the diaphragm actuator from the valve. Remove the actuator.
- 5. Clamp the coupling nut (11) of the actuator into a suitable fixture.
- Lift off the set point adjuster (17) together with needle bearing, washer, spring plate and set point springs (16).
- Unscrew nuts and bolts (15) from the actuator. Lift off the bottom diaphragm case (14.2) including the operating diaphragm unit (consisting of items 13, 18, 19, 21 and 24).
- Pull the operating diaphragm unit out of the top diaphragm case (14.2). Exchange the operating diaphragm unit.

Installing the operating diaphragm unit

- 1. Insert the new operating diaphragm unit into the bottom diaphragm case (14.2).
- 2. Place the bottom diaphragm case (14.2) with the new operating diaphragm unit onto the top diaphragm case (14.1).
- Insert nuts and bolts (15) and tighten gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).

- Place on the set point springs (16) together with spring plate, needle bearing and washer. Screw on the set point adjuster (17).
- Place the diaphragm actuator on the valve and fasten tight the coupling nut (11). Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- 6. Screw on all control lines. Observe the specified tightening torques (see 'Tightening torques' in Annex).
- 7. Put the regulator back into operation (see the 'Start-up' section).

9.7 Ordering spare parts and operating supplies

Contact your nearest SAMSON subsidiary or SAMSON's After-sales Service for information on spare parts, lubricants and tools.

Spare parts

See Annex for details on spare parts.

Lubricants

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for more information on lubricants.

Tools

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for more information on tools.

10 Decommissioning

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death. Before working on the regulator:

- → Depressurize all plant sections concerned and the regulator.
- ➔ Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- ➔ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

- ➔ Do not loosen the control line while the valve is pressurized.
- ➔ Do not start up the regulator until all parts have been mounted.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions.

 Wear hearing protection when working near the valve. Follow the instructions given by the plant operator.

Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

Do not insert hands or fingers between the set point springs while the regulator is in operation. → Before starting any work on the regulator, depressurize plant sections as well as the regulator.

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

→ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

To decommission the regulator for service work or disassembly, proceed as follows:

- 1. Close the shut-off valve (1) on the upstream side of the regulator.
- 2. Close the shut-off valve (6) on the downstream side of the regulator.
- 3. Depressurize the plant.
- 4. Completely drain the pipelines and valve.
- 5. If necessary, allow the pipeline and regulator components to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.

11 Removal

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

11.1 Removing the regulator from the pipeline

- Support the regulator to hold it in place when separated from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).
- 2. Unbolt the flange joint.
- Remove the regulator from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).

11.2 Removing the actuator from the valve

See the 'Servicing' section.

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

→ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

Before removing the valve, make sure the following conditions are met:

 The regulator is put out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).

12 Repairs

If the regulator does not function properly according to how it was originally sized or does not function at all, it is defective and must be repaired or exchanged.

Risk of regulator damage due to incorrect service or repair work.

→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for repair work.

12.1 Returning devices to SAMSON

Defective devices can be returned to SAM-SON for repair.

Proceed as follows to return devices:

1. Exceptions apply concerning some special device models

www.samsongroup.com > Service > After-sales Service.

- 2. Send an e-mail
 - retouren@samsongroup.com to register the return shipment including the following information:
 - Туре
 - Material number
 - Item numbers of accessories
 - Original order
 - Completed Declaration on Contamination, which can be downloaded from our website at

www.samsongroup.com > Service

> After-sales Service.

After checking your registration, we will send you a return merchandise authorization (RMA).

- Attach the RMA (together with the Declaration on Decontamination) to the outside of your shipment so that the documents are clearly visible.
- 4. Send the shipment to the address given on the RMA.

i Note

Further information on returned devices and how they are handled can be found at

www.samsongroup.com > Service > Aftersales Service.

13 Disposal



SAMSON is a producer registered at the following European institution ► https://www.ewrn.org/ national-registers/nationalregisters. WEEE reg. no.: DE 62194439/FR 025665

- → Observe local, national and international refuse regulations.
- → Do not dispose of components, lubricants and hazardous substances together with your other household waste.

i Note

We can provide you with a recycling passport according to PAS 1049 on request. Simply e-mail us at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com giving details of your company address.

∹∑- Tip

On request, we can appoint a service provider to dismantle and recycle the product as part of a distributor take-back scheme.

14 Certificates

The EU and UKCA declarations of conformity are included on the next pages:

- EU declaration of conformity in compliance with Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU on page 14-2.
- EU declaration of conformity in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Regulators on page 14-5.
- Declaration of incorporation in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for the Type 2423 Valve as well as Type 2424 and Type 2428 Actuators on page 14-7.
- UKCA declaration of conformity in compliance with Directive 2016 No. 1105 on page 14-10.
- UKCA declaration of conformity in compliance with Directive 2008
 No. 1597 for Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Regulators on page 14-12.
- Declaration of incorporation in compliance with Directive 2008 No. 1597 for the Type 2423 Valve as well as Type 2424 and Type 2428 Actuators on page 14-14.

14.1 Information on the UK sales region

The following information corresponds to the Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016, STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS, 2016 No. 1105 (UKCA marking). It does not apply to Northern Ireland.

Importer

SAMSON Controls Ltd Perrywood Business Park Honeycrock Lane Redhill, Surrey RH1 5JQ Phone: +44 1737 766391 E-mail: sales-uk@samsongroup.com Website: uk.samsongroup.com Γ

or the following produc	to CAMEO	N boroby de	AM 001-22-DEU eclares under its sole responsibility:
Devices	Series	Type	Version
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250 and 1.0619, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
T heorem 1.1		0440	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
Three-way valve		2119	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-150, PN 40, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾ ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 6, Class 150, fluids G2, L2, L1
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 6, Class 150, Ildius G2, L2, L1 ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2-6, Class 300, fluids G2, L2, L1
Self-operated Regulators		3222	DIN EN, body, CC499K, DN 50, PN 25, all fluids
Three-way valve		3260	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 250-300, PN 16, fluids G2, L21)
Globe valve	V2001	3531	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 50-80, PN 25, all fluids
Three-way valve	*2001	3535	ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-3, Class 150, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾ DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 32-400, PN 40, all fluids
Control valve		3214	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 32-400, PN 40, all fluids ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-10, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹)
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC, NPS 2½-10, Class 120, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC, NPS 1½-10, Class 300, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-250, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
	42		DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L11)
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-250, PN 16, all fluids
		2423	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 50-250, PN 25, all fluids DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-250, PN 40, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-10, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-10, Class 150, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-10, Class 300, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 16, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 200-400, PN 25, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-400, PN 40, all fluids DIN EN, body, 1.0460, DN 40-50, PN 40, all Fluids
Self-operated Regulators			DIN EN, body, 1.6220+QT, DN 65-250, PN 16, all fluids
	42	2422	DIN EN, body, 1.6220+QT, DN 200-250, PN 25, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.6220+QT, DN 32-250, PN 40, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-16, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351CF8M, NPS 21/2-16, Class 150, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351CF8M, NPS 1½-16, Class 300, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A105, NPS 11/2-2, Class 300, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A352 LCC, NPS 2½-10, Class 150, all fluids ANSI, body, A352 LCC, NPS 1½-10, Class 300, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-150, PN 16, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 50-150, PN 10, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-150, PN 40, all fluids
	42	2421RS	DIN EN, body, 1.4571 and 1.4401/1.4404, DN 50, PN 25, all fluids
			DIN EN, body, 1.4571 and 1.4401/1.4404, DN 32-50, PN 40, all fluids
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-6, Class 150, all fluids
	1		ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2-6, Class 300, all fluids

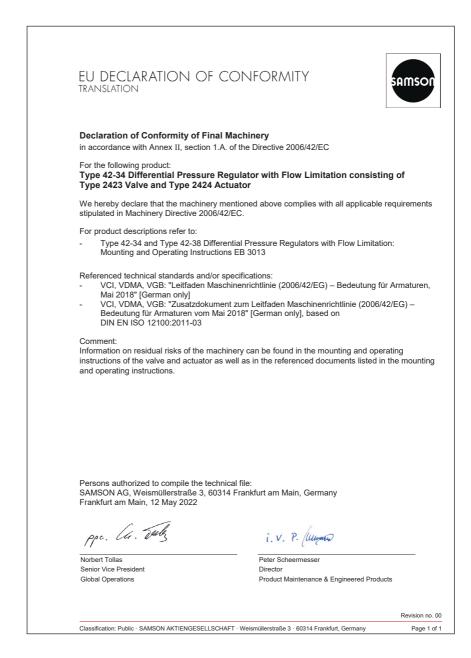
samson

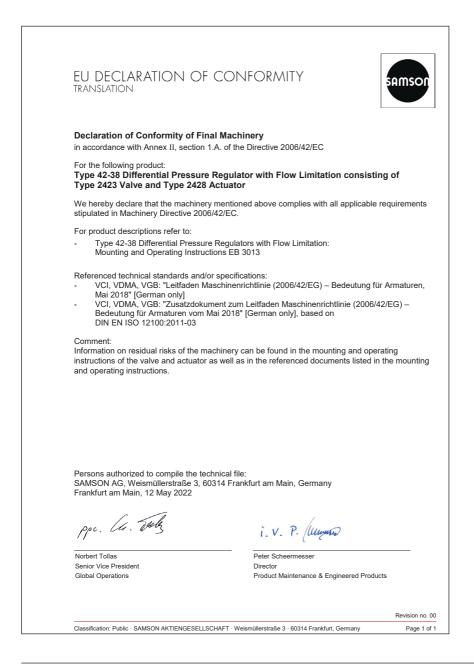
EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Devices	Series	Туре	Version	
		2405	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, 1.4571, 1.4404, 1.4408, 1.0460, DN 32-50, PN40, all	
		2405	ANSI, body, A105, A182 F316L, A351 CF8M, A216 WCC, NPS 1½-2, Class	300, all fluid
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-150, PN 40, all fluids	
	40	2406	DIN EN, body, 1.0460 and 1.4404, DN 32-50, PN 40, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-6, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2-6, Class 300, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A105 and A182 F316L, NPS 11/2-2, Class 300, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100, PN25, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-100, PN 40, all fluids	
		2412	DIN EN, body, 1.0460, 1.4571 and 1.4404, DN 32-80, PN 40, all fluids	
	41	2412	ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-4, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-4, Class 300, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CFoW, NFS 1/2-4, Class 300, all fluids ANSI, body, A105 and A182 F316L, NPS 1/2-3, Class 300, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150, PN16, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 und 1.4408, DN 32-150, PN 40, all fluids	
		2404-1	ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-6, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2-6, Class 300, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 und 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 16, all fluids	
		2404-2	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 und 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 40, all fluids	
		2404-2	ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-16, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
Self-operated Regulators			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-16, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC und A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-10, Class 300, all fluids	
		2331 2337	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 250, PN 16, fluids G2, L21)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 250, PN 16, fluids G2, L21)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 200-250, PN 25, fluids G2, L21)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 125-250, PN 40, fluids G2, L21)	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹)	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 16, all fluids	
		0000	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 200-400, PN 25, all fluids	
		2333 2335	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 40, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-16, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-16, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-16, Class 300, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-400, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 16, all fluids	
		2334	DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 200-400, PN 25, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-400, PN 40, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-16, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-16, Class 150, all fluids	
			ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 21/2-16, Class 300, all fluids	
		2373	DIN EN, body, 1.4469 and 1.4470, DN 32-50, PN 40, all fluids	
		2375	ANSI, body, A995 5A and A995 4A, NPS 11/2-2, Class 300, all fluids	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-250, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
			DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)	
Strainers	2N/2NI	2602	DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾	
			DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 100-250, PN 16, all fluids	
	I		Silv Erv, 5003, 1.0018, Div 100-200, Fix 10, all lidida	
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transl		ATIO	N OF	CONFORMITY		SAMSO
Dev	vices	Series	Туре	Ve	rsion	
			1	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 200-250, PN 25, all	fluids	
Stra	iners	2N/2NI	2602	DIN EN, body, 1.0619, DN 32-250, PN 40, all fl DIN EN, body, 1.4408, DN 65-100, PN 16, all fl	uids	
1) Gases accor	ding to Article	\$(1)(c.i), secon	d indent	DIN EN, body, 1.4408, DN 32-100, PN 40, all fl	uids	
Liquids acco	ording to Article	4(1)(c.ii)				
				ments of the following standards:		1
Directive of Member S	of the Europea tates relating	n Parliament a to the making	and of the Cou available on th	ncil on the harmonization of the laws of the ne market of pressure equipment	2014/68/EU	of 15. May
Applied co	onformity asse	essment proce	dure for fluids	according to Article 4(1)	Module H	by Bureau Ve
	er: SAMSON Main, 14. Octob		uellerstrasse	i. V. P. June		
ppa. Norbe Senior Vice Global Ope	rt Tollas President	. Tel	<u> </u>	i.V. Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & E		s

Certificates





DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION



Declaration of Incorporation in Compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

For the following product: Type 2423 Valve

We certify that the Type 2423 Valve is partly completed machinery as defined in the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com.

For product descriptions refer to:

- Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Regulators with Flow Limitation: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013
- Type 42-36 Flow Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3015
- Type 42-36 E Pressure-independent Control Valve (PICV):
- Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3018
- Type 42-37 Flow and Differential Pressure Regulator as well as Type 42-39 Flow and Differential Pressure or Pressure Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3017

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 10 November 2021

Stephan Giesen Director Product Management

i. V. P. Unun

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Life Cycle Management and ETO Development for Valves and Actuators

Revision no. 00 Page 1 of 1

Classification: Public · SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT · Weismüllerstraße 3 · 60314 Frankfurt, Germany

DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION



Declaration of Incorporation in Compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

For the following product: Type 2424 Actuators

We certify that the Type 2424 Actuator is partly completed machine as defined in the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated data sheets as well as the mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com.

For product descriptions refer to:

- Type 42-24 Differential Pressure Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3003
- Type 2422/2424 Pressure Reducing Valve: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2549
- Type 42-34 Differential Pressure Limiter with Flow Limitation:
- Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 20 September 2021

il.

Stephan Giesen Director Product Management

11umas i.V. P. Peter Scheermess Director

Director Product Life Cycle Management and ETO Development for Valves and Actuators

> Revision no. 00 Page 1 of 1

Classification: Public · SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT · Weismüllerstraße 3 · 60314 Frankfurt, Germany

DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION



Declaration of Incorporation in Compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

For the following product: Type 2428 Actuators

We certify that the Type 2428 Actuator is partly completed machine as defined in the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated data sheets as well as the mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com.

For product descriptions refer to:

- Type 42-28 Differential Pressure Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3003
 - Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Limiter with Flow Limitation:
 - Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 7 February 2022

iVI

Stephan Giesen Director Product Management

i. V. P. Mumme

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Life Cycle Management and ETO Development for Valves and Actuators

Revision no. 00 Page 1 of 1



UK DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY ORIGINAL

The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 Module H / N° CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-22-DEU

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Devices	Туре	Version
Self-operated Regulators	2423	DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250, DN 150-250, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)
		DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 150, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L11)
		DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 100-150, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
		DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 65-250, PN 16, all fluids
		DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 50-250, PN 25, all fluids
		DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-250, PN 40, all fluids
		ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 6-10, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)
		ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 2½-10, Class 150, all fluids
		ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 1½-10, Class 300, all fluids

¹⁾ Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent // Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii) acc. to PE(S)R 2016

The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation:

Legislation: STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS – 2016 No. 1105 – CONSUMER PROTECTION HEALTH AND SAFETY – The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016		2022
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)	Module H	Certificate-No.: N°CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-22-DEU by Bureau Veritas 0062

The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following approved body: Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 8 Cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX – LA DEFENSE (No. 0062) Designated Standards applied: EN 12516-2, EN 12516-3; Other technical standards applied: ASME B16.34

Manufacturer:

SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 8th November 2022

ppc. U. Well

Norbert Tollas Senior Vice President Global Operations

i. V. P. Unume

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

Revision 00

Classification: Public · SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT · Weismüllerstrasse 3 · 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Page 1 of 1





The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 Module A

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Devices Type		Version
Self-operated Regulators		DIN EN, body, EN-GJL-250 and EN-GJS-400-18-LT, DN 65-125, PN 16, fluids G2, L2, L1 ¹⁾
		DIN EN, body, EN-GJS-418-LT, DN 50-80, PN 25, fluids G2, L2, L11)
		DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-50, PN 16, all fluids
		DIN EN, body, 1.0619 and 1.4408, DN 32-40, PN 25, all fluids
		ANSI, body, A126 B, NPS 3-4, Class 125, fluids G2, L2, L11)
		ANSI, body, A216 WCC and A351 CF8M, NPS 11/2-2, Class 150,
		all fluids

¹⁾ Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent // Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii) acc. to PE(S)R 2016

The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation:

Legislation: STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS – 2016 No. 1105 – CONSUMER PROTECTION HEALTH AND SAFETY – The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016	
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)	Module A

Technical standards applied: EN 12516-2, EN 12516-3; Other technical standards applied: ASME B16.34

Manufacturer:

SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 8th November 2022

opc. U. Tel

Norbert Tollas Senior Vice President Global Operations

i. V. P. Unum

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

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UK DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery

in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 2 Annex II, section 1.A. of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 The Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

For the following product:

Type 42-34 Differential Pressure Regulator with Flow Limitation consisting of Type 2423 Valve and Type 2424 Actuator

We hereby declare that the machinery mentioned above complies with all applicable requirements stipulated in Directive 2008 No. 1597 The Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008.

For product descriptions refer to:

Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Regulators with Flow Limitation: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB; "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) -Bedeutung für Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comment:

Information on residual risks of the machinery can be found in the mounting and operating instructions of the valve and actuator as well as in the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 27 April 2022

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Norbert Tollas Senior Vice President Global Operations

i. V. P. Ulumin

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

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Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery

in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 2 Annex II, section 1.A. of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 The Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

For the following product:

Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Regulator with Flow Limitation consisting of Type 2423 Valve and Type 2428 Actuator

We hereby declare that the machinery mentioned above complies with all applicable requirements stipulated in Directive 2008 No. 1597 The Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008.

For product descriptions refer to:

 Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Regulators with Flow Limitation: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comment:

Information on residual risks of the machinery can be found in the mounting and operating instructions of the valve and actuator as well as in the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 27 April 2022

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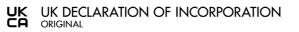
Norbert Tollas Senior Vice President Global Operations

i. V. P. Munn

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

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Declaration of Incorporation of Partly Completed Machinery

in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 2 Annex II, section 1.B. of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

For the following product: Type 2423 Valve

We certify that the Type 2423 Valve is partly completed machinery as defined in the in Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, (Part 7 of Schedule 2) part B has been compiled

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com.

For product descriptions refer to:

- Type 42-34 and Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Regulators with Flow Limitation:
- Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013
- Type 42-36 Flow Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3015 Type 42-36 E Pressure-independent Control Valve (PICV):
- Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3018
- Type 42-37 Flow and Differential Pressure Regulator as well as Type 42-39 Flow and Differential Pressure or Pres-sure Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3017

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German
- vol, rolm, rolm, rolm, and rolm, r

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 27 April 2022

Stephan Gieser Director Product Management

i. v. P. Ulum

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

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Declaration of Incorporation of Partly Completed Machinery

in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 2 Annex II, section 1.B. of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

For the following product: Type 2424 Actuator

We certify that the Type 2424 Actuator is partly completed machinery as defined in the in Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.4, and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, (Part 7 of Schedule 2) part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com.

For product descriptions refer to:

- Type 42-24 Differential Pressure Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3003
- Type 2422/2424 Pressure Reducing Valve: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 2547
- Type 42-34 Differential Pressure Limiter with Flow Limitation: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 22 December 2022

Stephan Giesen Director Product Management

i. V. P. Ulume

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

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UK DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION



Declaration of Incorporation of Partly Completed Machinery

in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 2 Annex II, section 1.B. of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

For the following product: Type 2428 Actuator

We certify that the Type 2428 Actuator is partly completed machinery as defined in the in Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, (Part 7 of Schedule 2) part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com

For product descriptions refer to:

Type 42-28 Differential Pressure Regulator: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3003 Type 42-38 Differential Pressure Limiter with Flow Limitation: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3013

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 27 April 2022

i. V. P. Mumu

Stephan Gieser Director Product Management

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

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15.1 Tightening torques

Table	15-1:	Tightening	torque
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Component	Width across flats	Nominal size or actuator area	Tightening torque in Nm	
Connecting piece (10)	A/F 36	All	150	
Coupling nuts (11)	A/F 30	All	120	
		80 cm ²	20	
Nuts and bolts (15)	-	160 cm ² , 320 cm ² , 640 cm ^{2 1)}	25	
		640 cm ^{2 2)}	40	
Set point adjuster (17)	A/F 27	160 to 640 cm ²	-	
Nut (18)	A/F 12	160 to 640 cm ²	40	
Control line connection (20)	-	160 to 640 cm ²	22	
	Width across flats 13 mm (G ¼ thread)		50	
Stopper (22)	Width across flats 17 mm (G ¾ thread)	_	70	

15.2 Lubricant

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you concerning lubricants and sealants approved by SAMSON.

15.3 Tools

SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you concerning tools approved by SAMSON.

15.4 Accessories

Needle valves and compression-type screw fittings can be supplied as required. These accessories are listed in ► T 3095.

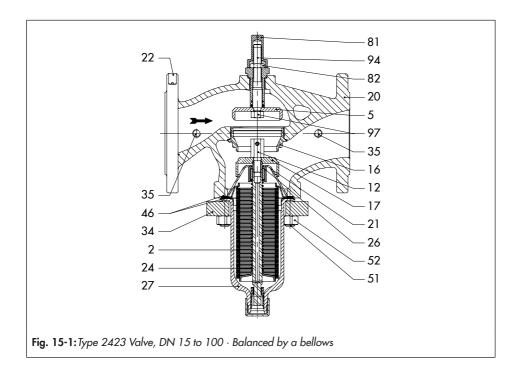
15.5 Spare parts

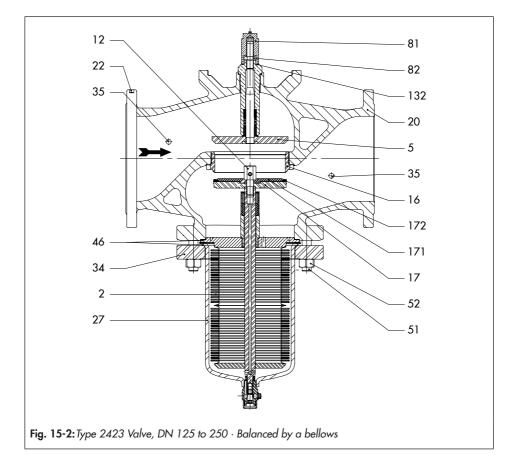
Legend for Fig. 15-1 and Fig. 15-2

- 2 Bellows
- 5 Restriction
- 12 Screw
- 16 Seat
- 17 Plug
- 20 Body
- 21 Guide cap
- 22 Plate

- 24 Compression spring
- 26 Guide tube
- 27 Bottom section
- 34 Flange
- 35 Screw plug
- 46 Graphite seal on metal
- core
- 51 Stud

- 52 Hex nut
- 81 Cap
- 82 Hex nut
- 132 O-ring
- 171 Clamping ring
- 172 Seal



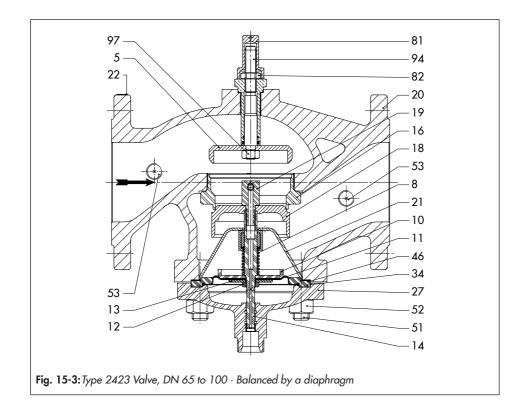


Legend for Fig. 15-3

- 5 Restriction
- 8 Compression spring
- 10 Diaphragm plate
- 11 Diaphragm
- 12 Castle nut
- 13 Washer
- 14 Plug stem
- 16 Seat

- 18 Plug
- 19 Screw
- 20 Body
- 21 Guide cap
- 22 Plate
- 27 Diaphragm case
- 34 Ring
- 46 Seal

- 51 Stud
- 52 Hex nut
- 53 Screw plug
- 81 Nut
- 82 Hex nut
- 94 Stem
- 97 Hex nut (self-locking)

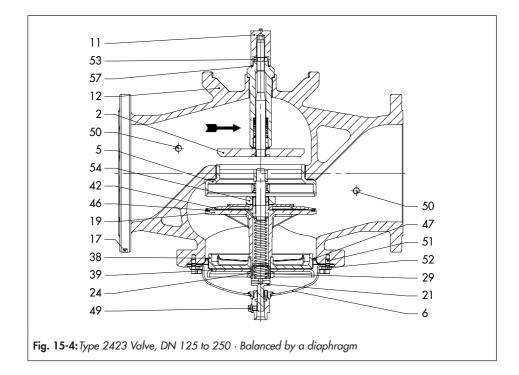


Legend for Fig. 15-4

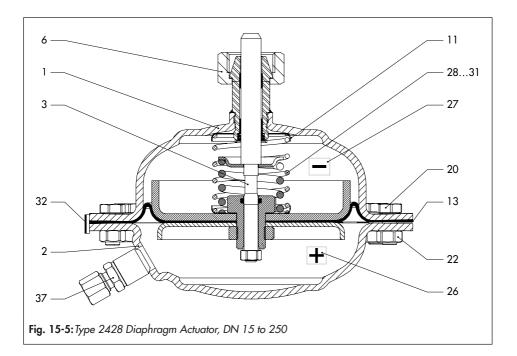
- 2 Restriction
- 5 Seat
- 6 Diaphragm case
- 11 Cap
- 12 Body
- 17 Plate
- 19 Plug

- 21 Nipple
- 24 Nut
- 38 Diaphragm plate
- 39 Diaphragm plate
- 42 Clamping disk
- 46 Seal
- 47 Diaphragm

- 49 Screw plug
- 50 Screw plug
- 51 Stud
- 52 Hex nut
- 53 Hex nut
- 54 Hex nut
- 57 O-ring



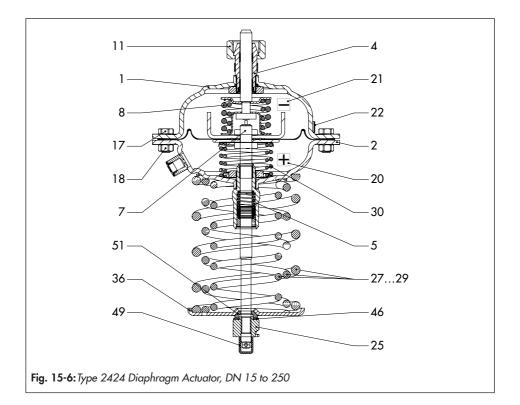
Legend for Fig. 15-5						
1	Diaphragm case assembly	20	Screw			
2	Diaphragm case assembly	22	Nut			
3	Diaphragm stem with excess pressure	26	Adhesive label +			
5	limiter and diaphragm	27	Adhesive label –			
6	Coupling nut	2831	Compression spring			
11	Spring plate	32	Nameplate			
13	Diaphragm	37	Screw joint with restriction			



Legend for Fig. 15-6

- 1 Diaphragm case assembly
- 2 Diaphragm case assembly
- 4 Nipple
- 5 Guide nipple
- 7 Diaphragm stem with excess pressure limiter and diaphragm
- 8 Force limiter
- 8 Force limiter
- 11 Coupling nut
- 17 Screw
- 18 Nut

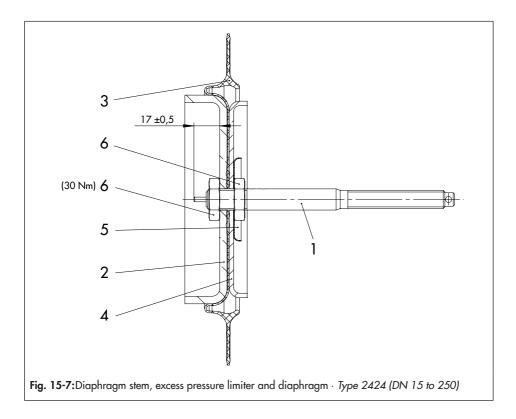
- 20 Adhesive label +
- 21 Adhesive label -
- 22 Nameplate
- 25 Nut of set point adjuster
- 27...29 Set point springs
 - 30 Compression spring
 - 36 Spring plate
 - 46 Axial needle bearing
 - 49 Cap
 - 51 Washer



1 Diaphragm stem 4 Washer	

- 2 Diaphragm plate
- 3 Diaphragm

- 5 Spring plate
- 6 Nut



15.6 After-sales service

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for support concerning service or repair work or when malfunctions or defects arise.

E-mail contact

You can reach our after-sales service at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com.

Addresses of SAMSON AG and its subsidiaries

The addresses of SAMSON, its subsidiaries, representatives and service facilities worldwide can be found on our website (▶ www.samsongroup.com) or in all SAMSON product catalogs.

Required specifications

Please submit the following details:

- Device type and nominal size
- Valve balanced by a bellows or diaphragm
- Model number or material number
- Upstream and downstream pressure
- Temperature and process medium
- Min. and max. flow rate in m³/h
- Is a strainer installed?
- Installation drawing showing the exact location of the regulator and all the additionally installed components (shut-off valves, pressure gauge etc.)

EB 3013 EN



SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Weismüllerstraße 3 · 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Phone: +49 69 4009-0 · Fax: +49 69 4009-1507 samson@samsongroup.com · www.samsongroup.com